ERECTION – ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No: 9.4... EMETC/TCKT

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Independence – Freedom – Happiness

Hanoi, dated 21 month 7 year 2025

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

To: - State Securities Commission - Hanoi Stock Exchange

Implementing the regulations in Clause 3, Article 4 of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the disclosure of information on the stock market, the Erection — Electromechanics Testing Joint Stock Company (EMETC) would like to disclose the financial reports (FS) for Q2 2025 with the Hanoi Stock Exchange and State Securities Commission as follows:

- 1. Name of Organization: **ERECTION ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY**
 - Stock code: LCD
 - Address: No 434-436 Nguyen Trai street, Dai Mo ward, Ha Noi city
 - Phone No.: 0243.5543839
 - Email: lilamathinghiemcodien@yahoo.com.vn
- 2. Content of the disclose information:
 - Financial report Q2 2025

\bigvee	Separate fina	ncial stat	tements (L	isted or	ganization	has	no
subsidiaries a	and the parent ac	ecounting u	ınit has no a	ffiliated u	mits);		
	Consolidated					ion	has
subsidiaries);							
	Consolidated	financial	statements	(Listed	organization	ı has	an
accounting	unit under its ov	vn account	ing system).				

CÔNG CÔNG CÔ P LẮP MÁY - T CƠ I

- Cases that must explain the rea	sons:
+ The auditing organization pacceptance for the financial statements (for	provides an opinion that is not a full or the financial statements audited in Q2
2025): Yes	☐ No
Explanation document in case o	f having:
Yes	☐ No
+ The after-tax profit in the report has of 5% or more, changing from a loss t statements audited in Q2 2025):	as a discrepancy before and after auditing o profit or vice versa (for the financial
Yes	No
Explanation document in case of	of having:
Yes	☐ No
changes by 10% or more compared to the Yes Explanation document in case of Yes + The after-tax profit in the report, the same period of the previous year to a law Yes Explanation document in case of Yes Yes	□ No which was a lost, changed from profit in loss in this period, or vice versa: □ No of having: □ No No
This information was published on	the company's website on july 21, 2025 at
the following link: http://emetc.vn	FEGAL REPRESENTATIVE
Attached documents: - Financial Statements - Explanation document	CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN LẮP MÁY - THỊ NGUẬM * CƠ ĐIỂN CƠ ĐIỂN
	Tổng GIÁM Đốc Vũ Hoàng Cùng

BALANCE SHEET As at Jun 30st, 2025

ITEMS	Codes	Notes	30/06/2025	Unit: VND 01/01/2025
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100		95,777,814,888	101,743,402,869
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	v.1	2,273,476,925	3,815,923,335
1. Cash	111		2,273,476,925	3,815,923,335
2. Cash equivalents	112			
II. Short-term financial investments	120		ਭ। •	-
Ⅲ. Short-term receivables	130		73,490,928,339	58,605,976,446
. Short-term trade receivables	131	v.2	61,570,100,087	57,673,141,014
2. Short- term advances to suppliers	132	V.3	331,213,651	697,706,111
3. Other short- term receivables	136	V.4	5,303,252,248	3,893.467.743
4. Provision for short-term doubtful debts (*)	137	V.5	(3,658,338,422)	(3,658,338,422)
IV. Inventory	140	V.6	22,671,237,244	39.317.114.100
1.Inventory	141		22,671,237,244	39.317.114.100
2. Provision for devaluation of inventories (*)	149			
V. Other current assets	150			4,388,988
. Value added tax deducted	152	a		4,388,988
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		20,210,697,811	20,708,794,778,01064
I. Long-term receivables	210		1,493,933,004	1,391,487,039 CÔNG T
II. Fixed assets	220		18,169,482,597	18.723,820.403 0 PHÂ
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.7	1,901,856,220	2.456 194.026 AY - THIN
· Cost	222		45,496.686.469	45,731,186,469 DI
- Accumulated Depreciation^)	223		(43,528,967,059)	(43,274,992,443)
2.' Intangible fixed assets	227	V.8	16,267,626,377	16,267,626,377 VLIEM
- Cost	228		16,267,626,377	16,267,626,377
- Accumulated Amortization^)	229			-
III. Investment real estate	230			-
IV. Long-term assets in progress	240			÷
V. Long-term financial investments	250	V.9	500,000,000	500,000,000
1. Held to maturity investments	255		500,000,000	500,000,000
VI. Other non- current assets	260		47,282,210	88,004,994
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.10	47,282,210	88,004,994
TOTAL ASSETS	270		108,751,439,544	122,446,715,305

BALANCE SHEET As at Jun 30st, 2025 (Continued)

ITEMS	Codes N	lotes	30/06/2025	Unit: VND 01/01/2025
c. LIABILITIES	300	5	78,198,278,407	91,900,327,207
I. Current liabilities	310	a (i) (ii)	78,198,278,407	91,900,327,207
1. Short-term trade payables	311	v.11	6,947,092,950	6,160,470,375
2. Short-term advances from customers	312 .	٠	72,466,870	627,832,870
3. Taxes and amount payables to State Budget 4. Payable to employees	313 314	V.12	4,310,702,101 1,933,421,589	3,198,014,544 1,134,114,443
5. Short- term accrued expenses	315	V.13	9,565,881,319	8,870,404,258
6. Short-term unearned revenue	318		1,080,000,000	1,620,000,000
7. Other short- term payables 8. Short-term loans and financial leases	319 320	V.14 V.15	37,613,420,084 16,675,293,494	27,869,259,077 42,420,231,641
IL Non-current liabilities	330			
1. Long-term trade payables	331	v.ll		
2. Other long-term payables	337	V.14		
3. Long-term borrowings and financial leases	338	V.16	* .	
4. Provision for long-term payables	342	V.17		
D. EQUITY	400		30,553,161,137	30,546,388,097
I. Owners' equity	410	V.18	30,553,161,137	30,546,388,097
1. Owners' contributed capital	411		15,000,000,000	15,000,000,000
- Ordinary shares have the right to vote	477a	57	15,000,000,000	15,000,000,000
2. Other owner's equity	414		740,110,441	740,110,441
3. Treasury shares (*)	415		(544,500)	(544,500)
4. Investment and development fund	418	9	9,261,380,572	9,239,747,012
5. Retained earnings	421		5,552,214,624	5,567,075,144
5				
IL Other resources and funds	430			•
TOTAL RESOURCES	440		108,751,439,544	122,446,715,305

Note: Negative figures must be put in brackets ()

Prepared by

Accounting manager

Le Thi Chi

Le Thi Chi

MAY-THI-TOMEM

HaNoi, Jun 30th, 2025

CÔ General Director

Vu Hoang Tung

INCOME STATEMENT 2 quarter Year 2025

		2 quarter 1 c	al 2023		7.1 (4. VAID)
ITEMS		Codes Note	S	2 quarter Year 2025	Unit: VND 2 quarter Year 2024
1. Total revenue	01	VI.l		6,597,807,781	10,456,751,163
2. Deductions	02				
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	10			6,597,807,781	10,456,751,163
4. Cost of goods sold	11	VI.2		4,072,457,516	7,648,154,928
5. Gross profit from sale of goods	20	11.2		2,525,350,355	2,808,596,235
and rendering of services					
6. Financial income	21	VI.3	50	15,141,975	15,229,497
- m	22	VI.4		1,005,394,358	1,136,829,684
7. Financial expenses - In which: interest expense	23	Y 1.4		1,005,394,358	1,136,829,684
n e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	24				
8. Selling expenses 9. General and administration expenses	25	VI.5		1,492,140,759	1,693,145,493
	30			42,957,213	(6,149,445)
10. Operating profit	31	VL6		45,000,000	31,251,360
11. Other incomes12. Other expenses	32	VI.7	12	80,332,645	9,920,885
13. Other profit (loss)	40			(35,332,645)	21,330,475
14. Profit before tax	50			7,624,568	15,181,030
15. Current corporate income tax	51	VI. 8		2,931,304	5,020,383
	52				
16. Deferred corporate income tax	60			4,693,264	10,160,647
17. Net profit after tax 18. Basic earning per share	70	VI.9		3	6
91	71	VI.9		3	6
19. Diluted earning per share	/1	V1. 5		Hanof, Jun 30th, 2	
				1/2.	

Prepared by

Accounting manager

Le Thi Chi

Le Thi Chi

IÁY-THÍ NGHI *

CONGeneral Director

ULIÊMVII Hoang Tung

CASH FLOW STATEMENT Under direct method

2 quarter Year 2025

	2 quai tei	I car bobs		
ITEMS	*	Codes	Current Period	Unit: VND Prior Period
I. Cash flows from operat	ting activities			,
	es of goods and rendering of services	01	24,578,973,358	26,922,992,346
2. Cash payments to supp3. Cash payments to emp		02 03	(5,382,615,132) (3,616,692,479)	(6,660,680,313) (12,512,766,559)
4. Cash payments of loans		04	(1,976,484,612)	(2,450,045,226)
5. Cash payment of enter		05	0	(92,318,653)
6. Other cash inflows from	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	06	12,794,000,000	1,186,568,715
7. Other cash outflows from Net cash flow from operation	m operating activities	07 20	(2,822,300,000) 23,574,881,135	(3,693,201,667) 2,700,548,643
n. Cash flows from invest		21		(135,000,000)
1. Cash payments to proc other long-term assets	cure or construction of fixed assets or	21	principal de la companya de la compa	(155,000,000)
2. Proceeds from sale, disp	oosal of fixed assets and other long-	22	45,000,000	63,573,480
₹ 500 NO	re or construction of fixed assets or	23		* .
other long-term assets 4. Cash receipts from loan profits	interest, dividends and earned	27	16,619,700	15,704,539
Net cash flow from investing JU. Cash flows from final		30	61,619,700	(55,721,981)
1 Cash receipts from she	ort-term or long-term loans	33.		27,237,197,396
2. Cash repayments of prin		34	(25,744,938,147)	(30,722,545,812)
Cash repayments of div shareholders	idends or profits to owners or	36		-
Net cash flow from finance	ial activities	40	(25,744,938,147)	(3,485,348,416)
Net cash flows in the per		50	(2,108,437,312)	(840,521,754)
Cash and cash equivalen	its - Beginning balance	60	4,381,817,595	1,237,421,159
Effects of changes in fore	ign exchange rates	61	96,642	115,244
Cash and cash equivalen	its - Ending balance	70	2,273,476,925	397,014,649

HaNoi, Jun 30th, 2025

Prepared by

Accounting manager

Le Thi Chi

Le Thi Chi

0010 General Director

CÔNG TY
CÔ PHẦN
LẮP MẠY TH NGHỊM *
CƠ ĐIỆN

VI Hoang Tung

HaNoi, Jun 30th, 2025

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2 Quarter - Year 2025

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Structure of ownership

Erection - Electromechanics Testing Joint Stock Company is the company established since the equalization of Erection and Electromechanical Testing Company, which belongs to Vietnam Machinery Installation Corporation (LILAMA) in accordance with Decision No. 54/QĐ-BXD dated January 08th, 2004 issued by Ministry of Construction. The Company has been operating under the first Business Registration License No. 0100106458 dated March 05th, 2004 and registered for the 13th change on March 04th, 2025 issued by Ha Noi Department of Plan and Investment.

Head office is located at No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street - Dai Mo Ward - Ha Noi City.

2. Main operating industry

The main operating of the company include:

Management consultancy activities (excluding legal consultancy, finance, tax, auditing, accounting, securities);

Real estate activities with own or leased property, details: real estate activities;

Real estate consulting (excluding consulting house price, land price);

Heat treatment for metal welded joints;

Non- destructive testing (NDT) by radiographic testing method, ultrasonic testing method, magnetic particle testing method, liquid penetrant testing method and vacuum test;

Thermo mechanical testing, commissioning of technological line for industrial plants;

Control testing, calibration of measuring equipment system and automatic control system, transmission system up to 500KV;

Supplying, installing and maintaining of types of elevator and fire protection system;

Other non- electrical system installation, plumping, heating and air-conditioning system installation, installation industrial machinery in the construction industry and construction of civil engineering projects; Supplying types of elevator and fire protection system;

Wholesale of electric equipment, electric materials, mining machinery, construction machinery, machinery for textile, leather production and office machinery;

Installing of electricity system, water system, ventilation equipment, air conditioning;

Installing of equipment of automation technology, environmental technology, water treatment, control system, measuring equipment and lightning protection equipment for power systems;

Designing production lines, construction materials, paper and food processing;

Manufacturing metal accessories, metal structures, non- standard construction accessories, manufacturing construction materials, flooring tile, roofing panel, paving stone, calcium carbide, oxygen, welding electrode, materials and equipment business, construction material;

Construction of industrial works, electricity transmission lines, transformer station, assembling equipment and machinery for works;

Import and export the Company's trading items;

Construction of buildings;

Construction of roads and railways; Construction of utility projects;

Demolition; Site preparation;

Electrical installation activities;

Building completion and finishing;

Other specialized construction activities;

Wholesale of electronic and telecommunications equipment and supplies;

Wholesale of electric lighting equipment, afr- conditioning;

Repair of machinery;

The Company only performs conditional business lines when satisfying qualified capacities in accordance with regulations of prevailing law.

n. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND CURRENCY

1. Accounting period and accounting currency

The Company's annual accounting period begins on January 01 and ends on December 31 each year.

•The financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong (VND).

III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM

1. Applied accounting system

The company applies the Vietnamese accounting system under circular NO.200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22nd,2014 of the Ministry of Finance guiding the enterprise accounting regime and other amended and supplemented legal documents according to the State's regulations.

Declaration on compliance with accounting standards accounting system

The Company applies the Vietnam Accounting Standards and the Standards guidelines issued by the State. The financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with all provisions of each standard, circular guiding the implementation of standards and prevailing applicable accounting system.

IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese accounting standards, regulations on accounting for enterprises and other regulations related to the preparation and the presentation of financial statements requires the Board of Directors to have estimates and assumptions affect the reported data on assets and liabilities and the presentation of contingent assets at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported date on revenues and expenditures, fees during the operation period. Although accounting estimates are prepared by the management's knowledge, the actual numbers arising may differ from the estimates or assumptions set.

2. Principles of accounting for cash and cash equivalents

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into VND at the actual exchange rate on the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, the monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are converted into VND at the actual buying rate reported by the commercial bank where the Company opens its business account on the balance sheet date. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments (not exceeding 3 months), which can be easily converted into known amounts of cash and that are subjected to an insignificant risk of changes in value at balance sheet date.

Principles of accounting for financial investments

Held to maturity investments

Held to maturity investments include investments that the Company has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Held to maturity investments are term deposits in bank.

Held to maturity investments are recognized starting from the acquisition date and are initially valued at purchase price and related expenses. Interest income from held to maturity investments after the acquisition date is recognized in the income statement on accrual basis. Interest earned before the Company holds is deducted from the original cost at the time of purchase. Held to maturity investment are stated at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

Provision for doubtful debts for held to maturity investments is made up in accordance with current accounting regulations.

4. Principles of accounting for receivables

Receivables represent the amounts recoverable from customers or other debtors and are stated at book value less provision for doubtful debts.

Provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue, or when the debtor is in dissolution, in bankruptcy, or is experiencing similar difficulties and so may be unable to repay the debts.

Principles of accounting for inventories

Inventories are valued according to their original prices. Where the net realizable value is lower than the original price, they must be valued according to the net realizable value. The original price of inventories consists of the purchasing cost, processing cost and other directly-related costs incurred for having the inventories stored in the present place and conditions.

The original prices of inventories shall be calculated according to the quarterly weighted average method. Their net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

The perpetual method is used to record inventories.

6. Principles of accounting for fixed assets and their depreciation

Principles of accounting for tangible and intangible fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets are valued according to their original prices. During the using time, fixed assets are recorded at cost, accumulated depreciation (amortization) and net carrying amount.

Depreciation is calculated based on the straight-line basis. Depreciable period is appropriately estimated based on the depreciable period regulated in Circular No. 45/2013.TT-BTC dated April 25th, 2013 of the Ministry of

Finance.

Asset types	Years
House, buildings	10-20
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Motor vehicles	6-10
Management tools	3-6

The land use right is indefinite term, hence it is not depreciated

7. Principles of accounting for prepayments

Prepayments are expenses which have already been paid but relate to results of operations of multiple accounting periods. The prepayments of the Company comprise costs of valuable tools and supplies issued for consumption, and other prepaid expenses which are expected to to provide future economic benefits to the Company. These expenditures have been capitalized as prepayments, and are allocated to the income statement using the straight-line method in accordance with the prevailing accounting regulations.

8. Principles of accounting for payables

The classification of payables into trade payables, and other payables are made on the following principles: Trade payables consist of commercial payables arising from transactions of trading goods, services, and assets. Payables consist of expenses arising from the practice of importing through entrustment. Other payables are remaining payables that are not classified as trade payables, intercompany payables.

Payables are separately recorded for each creditor, according to the payment content, payment schedule, and type of

Payables are classified as short-term debts when the remaining maturities of the payables are less than 12 months (shorter than the duration of a business cycle) at the time the financial statements are prepared. Other payables not classified as short-term debts are classified as long-term debts. When preparing the financial statements, payables are reclassified under this principle.

The Company will record a payable immediately when there is evidence that a loss is inevitable, in accordance with the precautionary principle,

Payables are not recorded at lower values to payment obligations.

Provision for payables are made at the time the financial statements are prepared in accordance with prevailing regulations.

Principle of recognition of Ioans and financial lease payables

Loan value is recorded upon each disbursement and repayment period. Value of financial lease liability is the total

ERECTION - ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street - Nam Tu Liem District - Ha Noi City

Circular No.200/2014/TT-BTC

amount payable calculated by the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the leased assets outstanding at the time of financial statement preparation.

Loans and financial lease liabilities are recorded in detail and monitored for each lender, each loan agreement, each type of debt, loan term and currency of debt.

When preparing the financial statements, the balance of Ioans and financial leases in foreign currencies is revalued at the selling exchange rate of the bank where the Company has loan and finance lease transactions.

10. Principle of recognition and capitalization of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized into production and business costs in the year when incurred, unless capitalized in accordance with the Accounting Standard "Borrowing costs". Accordingly, borrowing costs directly related to the purchase, investment in construction or production of assets that take a relatively long time to be completed and put into use or business, are added to the originial cost of the assets until the property is put into use or trade. Income arising from temporary investment of loans is recorded at a decrease in cost of related assets. For separate loans for the construction of fixed assets, investment properties, interest is capitalized even if the construction period is less than 12 months. The borrowing cost capitalization ratio for the period is 0%.

11. Principles of accounting for accrued expenses

Accrued expenses reflect amounts payable for goods or services received from the seller or provided to the buyer but not yet be incurred due to lack of invoices or incomplete accounting records and documents. These expenses are accrued as operating cost in the accounting period in order to ensure no dramatic fluctuation in the operating cost as required by revenue and expense matching principle. When these costs are incurred, if there are any discrepancies with the accrued amount, accounting will make additional accrual or record cost deduction at the value of the difference.

12. Principle and method of recognition of provisions payables

The recognized value of a provision is the most reasonable estimate of the amount that will be payable to the current liability at the financial statement date.

Only expenses related to an initial established provision is covered by that provision. The difference between the unused provision made in the previous accounting period and the provision payable in the reporting period is reversed as a decrease in production and business costs in the period minus the larger difference of the provision payable to the construction work warranty, which is reversed into other income during the period.

13. 14. Principles of accounting for owner's equity

Principle of recognition of owner's contributed capital, equity surplus and other capital owners

Equity of the owners is recorded according to the actual contributed capital of the owner

Share premium is recognized according to the greater and lesser difference between the actual issue price and the par value of the shares upon the initial issue, additional issuance or re-issuance of treasury shares.

Other equity of the owner is recorded according to the residual value between the fair value of assets donated or donated by other organizations or individuals after deducting (-) payable taxes (if any) in relation to these donated assets and additional business performance.

Principle of undistributed profit recognition

Undistributed after-tax profit is the amount of profit from the enterprise's activities after subtracting (-) adjustments due to the retrospective application of changes in accounting policies and the retrospective adjustment of material misstatement of last year. Profits are distributed to the owners according to the annual resolutions of the shareholders' meeting.

14. 15. Principle of revenue recognition

Revenue from providing services

The revenue from providing services is recognized when the outcome of that transaction can be reliably determined. In case the provision of services involves several periods, revenue is recognized in the period according to the result of the completed on the day Balance sheet made in that period. The result of providing services is determined when the following conditions are satisfied:

The revenue can be measured reliably;

It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the transaction of providing that service;

Indentifying the completed work on the balance sheet date; and

Indentifying the costs incurred for the transaction and the cost to complete the transaction of providing that service.

ERECTION - ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street - Nam Tu Liem District - Ha Noi City

Revenue from construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract is estimated reliably and accepted by customers, revenue and costs are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity in the period that is 1 accepted by customers and stated in the relevant invoices.

Revenue from financial activities

The revenue arising from bank deposit interests, dividends paid and from foreign currency differences, recognized on the basis of the bank's monthly deposit interest notice, noticing payment of dividends and interests due to changes in exchange rates of transactions related to foreign currencies.

15. Principles of accounting for cost of goods sold

When revenue is recognized, the corresponding cost related to the creation of such revenue must be recognized. Costs corresponding to revenues include costs of the period in which revenues are created and costs of the previous periods or payable costs related to the revenues of such period.

16. Principles of financial expense recognition

The expenses recorded in the financial expenses include: Loans and borrowing costs and losses due to the changes of exchange rate of foreign currency related transactions.

The above items are recorded according to the total arising in the period, not offset with financial income.

17. Principles of enterprise management cost accounting

Administration expenses reflect all general expenses of the company such as: salary and insurance of the company's managers, depreciation of fixed assets used for corporate management, land rental, license tax, provision for bad debts, services purchased from outside to serve the management of the Company.

18. Principles and method of recording current corporate tax expense

Current corporate income tax expense is calculated based on taxable income and income tax rate of current year. The determination of the Company's income tax is based on the current tax regulation. However, these regulations change from time to time and the final determination of corporate income tax depends on the results of the tax authorities' tests.

Other taxes are paid in accordance with the prevailing tax laws in Vietnam.

19. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if they have direct or indirect relation to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Transactions with related parties are presented at Notes to the Financial Statements.

No.	434 - 436 Nguyen Tra	i Street - Nam Tu Liem	District - Ha N	ioi City		Chediai 110:20	0/2014/11-010
V.	ADDITIONAL INI	FORMATION TO ITE	MS PRESEN	TED IN BAL	ANCE SH	EET	
90.00	ADDITIONALINI	Old Millor To III					Unit: VND
	Cash and cash equiv	alents				30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	- Cash on hand					4,266,977	687,729,499
	Cash in banks demarCash equivalents	nd deposits			2	,269,209,948	3,694,088,09
	- Cash equivalents Tota	al			2	,273,476,925	4,381,817,595
	200						
	Short-term trade rec	eivables				30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	a) Receivable from the	ird party customers	W			7,098,769,078	47,150,351,192
	- Lilama 69-1., JSC					4,730,041,295	4,730,041,295
	- Hieu Tram Co., Ltd					5,885,501,000	5,885,501,000
	- Khanh Hoa Solar En					3,670,000,000	13,670,000,000
	- QTS Khanh Hoa Co					8,860,501,000	8,860,501,000 6,065,000,000
	- Thinh Cuong Co., L	td				6,065,000,000	7,939,307,897
	- Others					7,596,848,008	
	b) Receivables from r					4,762,208,784	10,522,789,822
	- Vietnam Machinery	Erection Corporaton - J	SC			4,762,208,784	10,522,789,822
	Tota	al			6	1,570,100,087	57,673,141,014
						30/06//2025	01/01/2025
3.	Short- term advance	n non-en-en-			S	238,048,651	238,048,651
	Nam Viet ResourcesViet Hoang Trade N	s., JSC fechanization Co., Ltd			£4	230,040,031	230,010,031
	- International Cables	Resources JSC				00.145.000	150 (57 160
	- Others	er er				93,165,000	459,657,460 697,706,111
	Tot	al			-	331,213,651	097,700,111
4.	Other receivables					30/06//2025	01/01/2025
٠.	a) Short-term						
	- Advances - Short - term deposit					3,046,261,005	3,046,261,005
						1,770,710,297	1,770,710,297
	- Others	al				4,816,971,302	4,816,971,302
	, , ,				,		
5.	Provision for short-	term doubtful debts		30/06/2025			01/01/2025
			Value can			Value ca	n Provision
		Cost be reco	overed	Provision	1	Cost be recovered	
	- Short-term receivables from	3,658,338,422	•	53,484,896		3,656,744,522	53,484,896
	customers			#3.404.00 <i>C</i>		2 656 744 522	53,484,896
	Total	3,658,338,422		53,484,896		3,656,744,522	33,707,070
c	Inventory			31	0/06/2025		01/01/2025
6.	Inventory		(Provision	Cost	Provision
	- Raw materials		97,611,8	20		97,611,820	7
	- Tools		76,877,2		-	76,877,272	
	- Work in progress		22,480,684,9			39,142,625,008	-
	Tot	tal	22,655,174,0			39,317,114,100	Ų

7. Increase/d ecrease tangible fixed assets

8. Increase and decrease tangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed asset is permanent land use right at No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street, Dai Mo Ward, HaNoi City cording to two home sale and land using right transfer contracts dated December 31st, 2007 with total area of 341.2 m².

9. Long-term financial investments

Long-term held-to-maturity investment is a bond investment in Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development with a term of 7 years, floating interest rate

10. Prepaid expenses		200	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
a) Long-term			47,282,210	88,004,994
- Tools and instruments used			47,282,210	88,004,994
Total			47,282,210	88,004,994
11. Payables to the seller			30/06/2025	01/01/2025
a) Short-term trade payables - Electrical testing and research joint stock	company	1,592,3	06,744	1,592,306,744
- VIET NAM ELECTRICAL TESTING JO		969,00	(5)	836,528,760
- Sao Mai Viet Nam Technical., JSC - Others		1,558,4 2,827,3	41,800	1,558,441,800 2,173,193,071
Total		6,947,09	92,950	6,160,470,375
12. Taxes and other payables to the state	01/01/2025	Payables	Amount paid/	30/06/2025
F		in the period >e	et during the period	
a) Must pay	3,198,014,541	2,405,086,653	1,292,399,096	4,310,902,101
- Valued added tax on domestic sales	1,395,159,519	2,275,821,654	1,231,730,444	2,439,250,729
- Corporate income tax	1,578,925,674	28,822,672		1,606,948,349
- Personal income tax	223,929,348	98,442,327	57,668,652	264,703,023
- Real estate tax, land rental	•			
- Others	-	3,000,000	3,000,000	•
Total	3,198,014,541	2,405,086,653	1,292,399,096	4,310,902,101
13. Short-term accrued expenses			30/06/2025	01/01/2025
Accrued uniform expenseAccrued Interest expenses to be paid			740,294,559	898,261,128
- Accrued costs of works			8,825,586,760	7,972,143,130
Total			9,565,881,319	8,870,404,258

ERECTION - ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street - Nam Tu Liem District - Ha Noi City

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Total	37,613,420,084	27,869,259,077
- Other payables		
b) Long-term		
- Other payables		
- Payables to the construction team, staff reimbursement	34,590,190,165	25,242,093,198
- Pay dividends	1,858,939,362	1,858,939,362
- Social insurance, health insurance, unemployment insurance		768,226,517
a) Short-term		27,869,259,077
16. Other payables	30/06/2025	01/01/202

15. Short-term borrowings and financial leases 01/01/2025 Payale amount Items In the period Payale amount Increase Decrease Classify - Short-term loans Long-term loan - matures (see note

Cộng Agribank - Trang An Branch

V.16)

16. Long-term borrowings and financial leases

ERECTION - ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street - Nam Tu Liem District - Ha Noi City

18. Equity
a) Table of comparison of fluctuations of equity

a) Lable of comparison of fluctuations of equity	ųuiy					Unit: VND
Items	Capital contributed by the owner	Other owner's equity	Treasury shares	Development Undistributed after fund tax pro	listributed after tax profit	Total
The balance at the beginning of the	15,000,000,000	740,110,441	(544,500)	9,211,343,620	5,624,428,253	30,575,337,814
previous year - Profit in the previous year	(1)	į		28,403,392	86,612,186	157,602,508
Appropriated funds in the previous	,	ĭ	į	28,403,392		
year - Dividends for the previous year	,		ĭ		(143,887,350)	(577,530,731)
- Other decrease	1	•	ĭ	1.		
The halance at th beginning of this year	15,000,000,000	740,110,441	(544,500)	9,239,747,012	5,567,075,144	30,546,388,097
- Profit this year	1	Č	1	1	44,333,572	44,333,572
Appropriation of funds during the period	۰		7	,	(37.760.532)	(37.760,532)
- Dividends during me period Closing balance	15,000,000,000	740,110,441	(544,500)	9,239,747,012	5,573,648,184	30,552,961,137

ERECTION - ELECTROMECHANICS TESTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY No. 434 - 436 Nguyen Trai Street - Nam Tu Liem District - Ha Noi City

	b) Details of the owner's contributed capital	30/	/06/2025		/01/2025
		Value	%	Value	%
	Vietnam Machinery Erection Corporation., JSCOther shareholders	5,427,500,000 9,572,500,000	36.2% 63.8%	5,427,500,000 9,572,500,000	36.2% 63.8%
	Total	15,000,000,000	100.0%	15,000,000,000	100.0%
	c) Equity transactions with owners and distribution of dividends + Owner's invested capital	**************************************	This period	Previous p	period
	- Capital contributed at the beginning of the period		15,000,000,000	15,000,0	00,000
	 Capital increased during the period Capital contributed at the end of the period Dividends, profits shared 		15,000,000,000 449,983,500	15,000,0 449,9	00,000 83,500
	d) Shares		30/06/2025	01/01/2	2025
	Number of shares registered to issue	•	1,500,00	1,500	,000
	Number of shares sold to public - Common shares		1,500,00 1,500,00		,000
	Number of shares to be redeemed		55		55
	- Common shares		55		55
	Number of shares outstanding - Common shares		1,499,94 1,499,94		.5
	Par value of outstanding shares is 10,000 VND/1 share				
19.	Items off the balance sheet		30/06/202	25 01/01	/2025
	a) Foreign currencies - USD		80,94	87	.54
VI.	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO THE ITEMS PRESEN	TED IN THE I	NCOME STA	FEMENT	Unit: VN
1.	Total sales of goods and services		2QuarterYear20)25 2Quarte	rYear2024
1.	- Revenue from construction contracts	-	6,597,807,871		,751,163
	Total	-	6,597,807,871	10,456	,751,163
2	Cost of goods sold		2QuarterYear20	025 2Ouarte	rYear2024
2.	Cost of goods sold - Cost of construction contract		4,145,758,20		154,928
	Total		4,145,758,20		154,928
3.	Revenue from financial activities		2QuarterYear2	025 2Quarte	rYear2024
•	- Interest on deposits and loans		15,099,21	6 15	,167,699
	- Interest rate differences	1 <u>4</u>	42,75		61,798
	Total		15,141,97	5 15	5,229,497
4.	Financial expenses		2QuarterYear2	025 2Quarte	rYear202
	- Loan interest	-	1,005,394,3		829,684
	- Loss on exchange rate differences	-	1,005,394,3	58 1,136.	829,684
	Total		1,000,074,0	1,100,	,

5.	Enterprise cost Management	2QuarterYear2025	2QuarterYear2024
	- Staff expenses	956,171,633	1,028,123,683
	- (Reversal)/ provision for doubtful debts		
	- Other expenses	535,969,126	665,021,810
	Total	1,382,356,475	1,693,145,493
6.	Other incomes	2QuarterYear2025	2QuarterYear2024
	- Income from liquidation of fixed assets		
	- Reversal of construction work warranty reserves		
	- Other incomes		
	Total		
7.	Other expenses	2QuarterYear2025	2QuarterYear2024
	- Other expenses		
	Total		
	, a		
	Current corporate income tax expense	2QuarterYear2025	2QuarterYear2024
	a. Total profit before tax	7,624,568	15,181,030
	b. Adjustments increase (+), decrease (-) taxable profits	7,031,954	9,920,885

VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Unit: DONG

14,656,522

20%

2,931,304

2,931,304

0

25,101,915

20%

5,020,383

5,020,383

1. The amount of money borrowed and received during the period.

Money received from borrowing under a standard contract:

2. The amount of principal repaid during the period.

c. Profits for corporate income tax calculation (a+b)

e. Corporate income tax payable during the year (c*d)

d. Current corporate income tax rate

f. Corporate income tax deducted in 2025

g. Corporate income tax payable (e-f)

Repayment of the principal loan amount according to the usual agreement: 20,023,989,242

IX. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Potential debts, commitments, and other financial information.

2. Events occurring after the end of the fiscal year.

- 3. Information about the stakeholders (in addition to the information already explained in the sections above)
- 4. Present assets, revenue, and business results by segment (by business area or geographic region).

Comparison information

6. Other information

Accounting manager

Le Thi Chi

Ha Noi, Jun 30.2025

General Director

NG TY

CO DIÊM

Vu Hoang Tung

Le Thi Chi

Prepared by