Số:25/2025/CEN

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom - Happiness

PERIODIC INFORMATION DISCLOSURE ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: Hanoi Stock Exchange

In accordance with the provisions of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Finance providing guidance on information disclosure on the securities market, Cencon Vietnam Joint Stock Company hereby discloses its financial statements for the second quarter of 2025 to the Hanoi Stock Exchange as follows:

- 1. Name of the organization: CENCON VIETNAM JOINT STOCK COMPANY
- Stock code: CEN
- Address: Lot 45-50B, Thuy Hoa Street, Lao Cai Ward, Lao Cai Province, Vietnam
- Tel: (024) 6285 0292

Fax: (024) 6285 0292

- Email: cenconvietnam@gmail.com
- Website: cencon.vn
- 2. Disclosed Information Content:
- Quarter 2 Financial Statements for the Year 2025:

Separate Financial Statements

- Cases Subject to Explanation of Underlying Reasons:
- + The profit after corporate income tax presented in the income statement for the reporting period has changed by 10% or more compared to the corresponding period of the previous year:

Yes 🔀

No 🔲

Explanation (if applicable):

Yes 🔀

No 🗌

This information was disclosed on the Company's website on July 19, 2025, at the following link: http://cencon.vn.

Attached Documents:

- Quarter 2 Financial Statements for the Year 2025

Authorized Representative of the Organization

CÔ PHÂN
CENCON
VIỆT NAM

chủ tịch hĐạt Krấn Mạnh Sơn

Address: Lot 45-50B, Thuy Hoa Street, Lao Cai Ward, Lao Cai Province, Vietnam Form No. 01a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance)

MID-YEAR BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30, 2025

Unit: VND (Vietnamese Dong)

				D (Vielnamese Dong)	
Indicators	Code	Notes	End-of-quarter	Beginning-of-year	- 4
Thurento's			amount	amount	
1	2	3	4	5	
A - CURRENT ASSETS	100		110,598,745,212	103,690,592,569	
I. Cash and Cash Equivalents	110		3,067,862,372	4,293,347,882	
1. Cash	111		3,067,862,372	4,293,347,882	
2. Cash Equivalents	112				
II. Short-term Financial Investments	120			T 0 T 0 CT 1 00 1	
III. Short-term Receivables	130		6,310,778,871	7,050,674,021	
1. Short-term Trade Receivables	131		5,065,241,341	4,110,045,429	
2. Short-term Prepayments to Suppliers	132		1,245,537,530	2,938,693,592	- 1
6. Other Short-term Receivables	136			1,935,000	
IV. Inventories	140		100,930,560,505	91,961,108,241	-
1. Inventories	141		100,930,560,505	91,961,108,241	
V. Other Current Assets	150		289,543,464	385,462,425	
1. Chi phí trả trước ngắn hạn	151		4,999,998	24,149,999	
2. Deductible VAT	152		284,543,466	361,312,426	
B - NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		119,072,350,787	120,399,518,380	
I. Long-term Receivables	210				
II. Fixed Assets	220		290,850,787	1,618,018,380	12
1. Tangible Fixed Assets	221		290,850,787	1,618,018,380	012
- Original Cost	222		914,861,091	3,222,039,273	ÔN
- Accumulated Depreciation Value (*)	223		(624,010,304)	(1,604,020,893)	cô' F
III. Investment Properties	230			11*1	EN
IV. Long-term Work-in-progress Assets	240		68,381,500,000	68,381,500,000	
2. Construction in Progress Costs	242		68,381,500,000	68,381,500,000	CA
V. Long-term Financial Investments	250		50,400,000,000	50,400,000,000	
2. Investments in Joint Ventures and Associates	252		50,400,000,000	50,400,000,000	
VI. Other Non-current Assets	260				
TOTAL ASSETS (270 = 100 + 200)	270		229,671,095,999	224,090,110,949	
C - LIABILITIES	300		10,943,725,155	5,409,154,878	
I. Current Liabilities	310		10,943,725,155	5,409,154,878	
1. Short-term Trade Payables	311		10,607,037,120	4,122,313,114	
2. Short-term Advances from Customers	312		215,323,508		
3. Taxes and Amounts Payable to the State	313		33,704,599	221,557,126	
5. Short-term Accrued Expenses	315		72,235,928	79,414,638	
9. Other Short-term Payables	319		15,424,000	19,870,000	
10. Short-term loans and financial lease liabilities	320			966,000,000	
II. Non-current Liabilities	330				
D - OWNERS' EQUITY	400		218,727,370,844	218,680,956,071	
I. Owners' Equity	410		218,727,370,844	218,680,956,071	
1. Contributed Capital	411		217,124,400,000	217,124,400,000	
- Ordinary Shares with Voting Rights	411a		217,124,400,000	217,124,400,000	

Indicators	Code	Notes	End-of-quarter amount	Beginning-of-year amount
1	2	3	4	5
- Preferred Shares	411b			
2. Share Premium	412		(1,769,180,000)	(1,769,180,000)
11. Undistributed Post-tax Profits	421		3,372,150,844	3,325,736,071
- Accumulated Undistributed Post-tax Profits as of the End of the Previous Period	421a		3,325,736,071	3,308,967,950
- Undistributed Post-tax Profits for the Current Period	421b		46,414,773	16,768,121
12. Capital for Construction Investment	422			
II. Funds and Other Reserves	430			
TOTAL CAPITAL SOURCES (440=300+400)	440		229,671,095,999	224,090,110,949

Prepared on: day 19 month 7 year 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Chairmanzof the Board

CENCON *

Pham Thi Ninh Chi

Pham Trung Hai

Tran Manh Son



Address: Lot 45-50B, Thuy Hoa Street, Lao Cai Ward, Lao Cai Province, Vietnam Form No. B 02a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance)

MID-YEAR INCOME STATEMENT

As of June 30, 2025

Unit: VND (Vietnamese Dong)

Indicators	Cod e		Notes	Notes	Quar	ter II	Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of this quarter	
			This year	Last year	This year	Last year		
I	2	3	4	5	6	7		
Revenue from sales of goods and provision of services	01		18,484,688,922	18,618,773,864	37,265,656,079	39,580,469,940		
2. Revenue deductions	02		-	-	=			
3. Net revenue from sales of goods and provision of services (10=01 - 02)	10				37,265,656,079	39,580,469,940		
4. Cost of goods sold	11		17,393,259,178	17,392,477,229	35,204,200,358	36,653,117,984		
5. Gross profit from sales of goods and provision of services (20= 10 - 11)	20		1,091,429,744	1,226,296,635	2,061,455,721	2,927,351,956		
6. Financial income	21		541,390	781,798	925,234	1,141,207		
7. Financial expenses	22		7,018,718		19,920,772			
- Including: Interest expenses	23				12,902,054			
8. Selling expenses	25		415,239,062	589,136,460	743,610,746	1,095,358,678		
9. General and administrative expenses	26		645,220,809	585,233,990	1,257,123,291	1,288,202,255		
10. Net profit from operating activities {30=20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26)}	30		24,492,545	52,707,983	41,726,146	544,932,230		
11. Other income	31			32,577,990	19,481,881	32,577,990		
12. Other expenses	32		146,867	899,225	151,649	367,059,717		
13. Other profit (40= 31 - 32)	40		(146,867)	31,678,765	19,330,232	(334,481,727)		
14. Total accounting profit before tax (50= 30 + 40)	50		24,345,678	84,386,748	61,056,378	210,450,503		
15. Current corporate income tax expense	51		7,299,465	16,877,350	14,641,605	115,322,199		
16. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52							
17. Net profit after corporate income tax (60= 50 - 51 - 52)	60		17,046,213	67,509,398	46,414,773	95,128,304		
18. Basic earnings per share (*)	70		-	.	-	-		
19. Diluted earnings per share (*)	71		-	-	5	4 6		

Prepared on: day 19 month 7 year 2025

Chanwian of the Board

Preparer

Chief Accountant

of Directors
CONG TY
CO PHÂN
CENCON
VIỆT NAM

CAI-TI

Pham Trung Hai

Tran Manh Son

Pham Thi Ninh Chi

Form No. B 03a - DN

Address: Lot 45-50B, Thuy Hoa Street, Lao Cai Ward, Lao Cai Province, Vietnam

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance)

MID-YEAR CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Using the indirect method) From January 1, 2025 to June 30, 2025

Unit: VND (Vietnamese Dong)

Indicators	Code	Notes	Cumulative from t	
			This year	Last year
I. Cash flows from operating activities				
1. Profit before tax	01		61,056,378	210,450,503
2. Adjustments for items				
- Depreciation of fixed assets	02		128,467,656	281,931,681
- Gains or losses from investment activities	05			
- Interest expenses	06		12,902,054	
3. Profit from operating activities before changes in working capital	08		202,426,088	492,382,184
- Increase or decrease in receivables	09		739,895,150	(7,803,042,902)
- Increase or decrease in inventory	10		(8,969,452,264)	8,078,362,920
Increase or decrease in payables (excluding interest payable and corporate income tax payable)	11		6,688,422,804	830,858,075
- Increase or decrease in prepaid expenses	12		19,150,001	_
- Corporate income tax paid	15		(198,860,224)	(35,143,939)
- Other cash payments from operating activities	17		(81,992,299)	(1,914,935,806)
Net cash flow from operating activities	20		(1,600,410,744)	(351,519,468)
II. Cash flows from investing activities				
2. Proceeds from the disposal or sale of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22		1,340,000,000	262,700,000
7. Cash received from interest on loans, dividends, and profit distributions	27		925,234	1,141,207
Net cash flow from investing activities	30		1,340,925,234	263,841,207
III. Cash flows from financing activities	-			
4. Loan principal repayment	34		(966,000,000)	
Net cash flow from financing activities	40		(966,000,000)	_
Net cash flow for the period $(50 = 20+30+40)$	50		(1,225,485,510)	(87,678,261)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	60		4,293,347,882	7,033,740,350
Effect of exchange rate changes on the translation of foreign currency	61			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (70 = 50+60+61)	70	VII.34	3,067,862,372	6,946,062,089

Prepared on: day 19 month 7 year 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

CÔ PHÂN
CENCON
VIỆT NAM
COLUMN

Chairman of the Board

of Directors

Tran Manh Son

Pham Thi Ninh Chi

Pham Trung Hai

Address: Lot 45-50B, Thuy Hoa Street, Lao Cai Ward,

Lao Cai Province, Vietnam

FORM NO. B 09 -DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT EXPLANATION

As of June 30, 2025

I. Characteristics of Business Operations

1. Form of Capital Ownership

Vietnam Cencon Joint Stock Company was established and operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 0107268056, initially issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on December 24, 2015, and amended for the 10th time on August 12, 2022, by the Lao Cai Department of Planning and Investment..

The company's headquarters is located at: Lot 45 - 50B, Thuy Hoa Street, Duyen Hai Ward, Lao Cai City, Lao Cai Province.

The company's charter capital is VND 217,124,400,000, equivalent to 21,712,440 shares, with a par value of VND 10,000 per share.

2. Business Areas: Commercial Trading.

The main activities of the company:

- Other business support services not classified elsewhere
- Import and export of goods that the company trades;
- Mixed farming and animal husbandry;
- Processing and preserving seafood and seafood products;
- Garment manufacturing (excluding fur garments);
- Production of building wood products;
- Manufacturing of electronic components;
- Shipbuilding and floating structures;
- Marine aquaculture;
- Maintenance and repair of automobiles and other motor vehicles;
- Production of plastic products;
- Manufacturing other wood products; production of products from bamboo, rattan, straw, rice husks, and woven materials;
- Iron and steel casting;
- Non-ferrous metal casting;
- Wholesale of machinery, equipment, and other machine parts. Details: Wholesale of electrical machinery, equipment, and materials (generators, electric motors, wires, and other devices used in electrical circuits);
- Wholesale of machinery, equipment, and machine parts for textile, garment, and leather industries;
- Wholesale of other household items. Details: Wholesale of perfumes, cosmetics, and hygiene products; Wholesale of pharmaceuticals and medical equipment;
- Retail of beverages in specialty stores;
- Wholesale of specialized items not classified elsewhere. Details: Wholesale of yarn, fiber, and textile threads.



- Wholesale of garment and footwear accessories;
- Restaurants and mobile food services (excluding bar, karaoke rooms, and discos);
- Wholesale of fabrics, ready-made garments, and footwear;
- Milk processing and production of dairy products;
- Information technology services and other services related to computers;
- Metal forging, stamping, pressing, and rolling, as well as metal powder metallurgy;
- Pulp, paper, and paperboard manufacturing;
- Production of labels, label paperboard, and packaging from paper and paperboard;
- Starch production and products made from starch;
- Production of bakery products;
- Production of pasta, noodles, and similar products;
- Production of ready-to-eat meals and prepared foods.
- Wholesale of general merchandise;
- Wholesale of beverages;
- Wholesale of food;
- Retail of food in specialty stores;
- Wholesale of agricultural and forestry raw materials (excluding wood, bamboo, rattan) and live animals;
- Production and distribution of steam, hot water, air conditioning, and ice production;
- Beverage services (excluding bar, karaoke rooms, and discos);
- Extraction of stone, sand, gravel, and clay;
- Retail of computers, peripherals, software, and telecommunications equipment in specialty stores;
- Wholesale of electronic and telecommunications equipment and components;
- Retail of hardware, paints, glass, and other construction installation equipment in specialty stores;
- Advertising;
- Car rental services;
- Retail of home appliances, beds, wardrobes, tables, chairs, and similar furniture, electric lamps, and other household goods not classified elsewhere in specialty stores;
- Other retail sales in general merchandise stores (excluding banned items);
- Agencies, brokers, and auction services. Details: Agencies;
- Manufacture of knives, scissors, hand tools, and common metal products;
- Operation of tour services;
- Poultry farming;
- Retail of food, beverages, tobacco, and betel in general merchandise stores. Details: Excluding tobacco and betel;
- Support services for financial activities not classified elsewhere. Details: Investment consulting (excluding legal, financial, tax, auditing, accounting, and securities consulting);
- Retail of pharmaceuticals, medical equipment, cosmetics, and hygiene products in specialty stores. Details: Retail of medical equipment, cosmetics, and hygiene products in specialty stores (excluding harmful cosmetics and pharmaceuticals);
- Cattle farming and breeding of cattle.
- Retail of goods ordered by mail or internet;
- Pig farming and breeding of pigs;
- Agricultural services for crop cultivation;
- Other forms of retail not classified elsewhere;
- Wholesale of metals and metal ores;

- Manufacturing of jewelry and related items. Details: Production of gemstones and sale
 of gemstones, including industrial and precious stones, or the sale of recovered and
 synthetic gemstones, including diamond production;
- Retail of passenger cars (9 seats or fewer) (excluding auction activities);
- Mechanical processing; metal treatment and coating. Details: Jewelry and artistic gold processing;
- Wholesale of automobiles and other motor vehicles (excluding auction activities);
- Animal husbandry services;
- Sale of spare parts and accessories for automobiles and other motor vehicles (excluding auction activities);
- Retail of other new goods in specialty stores. Details: Retail of gold, silver, and semiprecious stones in specialty stores (excluding the buying and selling of gold bars);
- Production of automobiles and other motor vehicles;
- Production of other metal products not classified elsewhere. Details: Production of jewelry made from gold, silver, precious metals, and semi-precious stones, and feng shui stones;
- Automobile and motor vehicle agency (excluding auction activities);
- Production of precious metals and non-ferrous metals. Details: Production of jewelry and artistic gold;
- Real estate consulting, brokerage, and land use rights auction services. Details: Real estate brokerage services; Real estate, land use rights consulting and brokerage; Intermediary services for buying, selling, or renting real estate based on fees or contracts; Property management services based on fees or contracts;
- Post-harvest services;
- Forest planting, forest care, and forestry seedling propagation;
- Forestry services. Details: Irrigation and drainage services for forestry; Forestry contracting services (digging holes, planting, care, harvesting, etc.); Forest protection and pest control for forestry plants; Assessment, estimation, and counting of planted trees, crop yields; Other forestry services (e.g., renting forestry machines with operators); Livestock and wildlife rescue, care, and management services;
- Retail of fabrics, wool, yarn, thread, and other textiles in specialty stores;
- Residential construction;
- Non-residential construction;
- Construction of other civil engineering works;
- Stone cutting, shaping, and finishing;
- Cultivation of spice plants, medicinal plants, and perennial aromatic plants;
- Cultivation of other annual plants. Details: Cultivation of medicinal and aromatic plants annually;
- Cultivation of other perennial plants.

II. Accounting period, currency used in accounting

- 1. The company's accounting year begins on January 1st and ends on December 31st annually.
- 2. The currency used in accounting is the Vietnamese đồng (VND).

III. Applicable Accounting Standards and Regulations

1. The accounting system applied

The company applies the accounting system for enterprises issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, by the Ministry of Finance, and Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016, by the Ministry of Finance, regarding amendments and supplements to certain provisions of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC.

2. Statement on Compliance with Accounting Standards and Regulations

The company has applied the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the relevant guiding documents issued by the State. The financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with all regulations of each standard, the guiding circulars for implementing the standards, and the current accounting system in use.

IV. Applicable Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits, and security deposits, short-term investments, or investments that are highly liquid, easily convertible into cash, and subject to minimal risk regarding value fluctuations.

Financial Investments

Recognition principles for securities investments: Securities investments at the reporting date, if:

Securities investment recognition principles:

- Investments with a recovery or maturity period of no more than 3 months from the purchase date are considered "cash equivalents."
- Investments with a recovery period of less than 1 year or within one business cycle are classified as current assets.
- Investments with a recovery period of more than 1 year or over one business cycle are classified as non-current assets.

Provision for impairment of investments is made at the year-end for the difference between the book value of investments recorded in the general ledger and their market value at the time the provision is made.

Receivables and provision for bad debts: Provision for bad debts is made for receivables that are overdue for more than three months or for receivables from debtors who are unlikely to repay due to liquidation, bankruptcy, or similar difficulties.

Principles for recognizing financial investments

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for using the cost method. The share of profit or loss from subsidiaries and associates arising after the investment date is recognized in the income statement. Other distributions (other than net profits) are considered as recoveries of investments and are recognized as reductions in the investment's carrying amount.

Investments in joint ventures are also accounted for using the cost method. The joint venture contribution is not adjusted for changes in the equity interest in the net assets of the joint venture company. The company's income statement reflects the share of income derived from the accumulated net profit of the joint venture, which arises after the joint venture investment. Joint venture activities, which involve jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled assets, are treated according to general accounting principles applicable to other normal business activities.

Recognition principles for inventory

Inventory is determined based on cost, and when the cost of inventory exceeds its net realizable value, it should be measured at net realizable value. The cost of inventory includes direct material costs, direct labor costs, and overhead costs required to bring the inventory to its current location and condition. The net realizable value is determined by the estimated selling price, less the costs to complete and sell the goods, as well as marketing, selling, and distribution costs incurred.

Inventory is accounted for using the perpetual inventory method, and the cost is determined using the weighted average cost method.

The company provisions for inventory write-downs in accordance with current accounting regulations. The company is allowed to create a provision for inventory that is obsolete, damaged, or of inferior quality when the cost of the inventory exceeds its net realizable value at the end of the accounting period.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Property, plant, and equipment (PPE) are recognized at historical cost and accumulated depreciation.

The historical cost of tangible fixed assets (PPE) includes the purchase price and all directly attributable costs to bring the asset into use as intended. Costs for purchasing, upgrading, and renewing PPE are capitalized and added to the asset's cost; maintenance and repair expenses are recorded as operating expenses in the period incurred. When PPE is sold or disposed of, the historical cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the books, and any gain or loss resulting from the disposal is recognized in the income statement.

The historical cost of intangible assets includes all costs incurred by the company to acquire the intangible asset until the point it is ready for use.

Depreciation of tangible and intangible assets is calculated using the straight-line method, applied to all assets based on a rate that allocates the asset's cost evenly over its estimated useful life, in accordance with the provisions of Circular No. 203/2009/TT-BTC dated October 20, 2009, and Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013, guiding the management, usage, and depreciation of fixed assets.

The estimated useful lives of the assets for the purposes of this calculation are as follows::

Type of fixed asset:	Time (year)
Tangible fixed assets	
Houses and structures	05 - 40
Machinery and equipment	03 - 10
Means of transport	06 - 10

Cost to Pay

Actual expenses that have not yet arisen but are deducted in advance from production and business expenses in the period to ensure that when actual expenses arise, they do not cause sudden changes in production and business expenses on the basis of ensuring the principle of matching between revenue and expenses. When such expenses arise, if there is a difference with the amount deducted, the accountant will record additional expenses or reduce the expenses corresponding to the difference.

Principle of equity recognition

Owner's capital is recorded at the actual capital contributed by the owner.

Share premium is recorded at the difference greater/less than the actual issuance price and the par value of shares when issuing shares for the first time, issuing additional shares or reissuing treasury shares. Direct costs related to the issuance of additional shares or reissuing treasury shares are recorded as a decrease in Share Premium.

Other capital of the owner is recorded at the remaining value between the fair value of assets that the enterprise receives from other organizations and individuals after deducting (-) taxes payable (if any) related to these donated assets; and the additional amount from business results

Treasury shares are shares issued by the Company and then repurchased. Treasury shares are recorded at their actual value and presented on the Balance Sheet as a decrease in owner's capital. The Company does not record any gains (losses) when purchasing, selling, issuing or cancelling treasury shares

Undistributed profit after tax is the profit from the business activities after deducting (-) the adjustments due to the retroactive application of changes in accounting policies and retroactive adjustments of material errors. Undistributed profit after tax can be distributed to investors based on the capital contribution ratio proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders and after setting aside reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and the provisions of Vietnamese law.

Dividends payable to shareholders are recorded as payables in the Company's Balance Sheet after the Company's Board of Directors announces the dividend payment.

Principles and methods of revenue recognition

Sales revenue

Revenue from sales is recognized when the following conditions are satisfied:

- The significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably. *Service revenue*

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the outcome of the transaction can be measured reliably. Where the provision of services is related to several periods, revenue is recognised in the period according to the results of the work completed at the date of the Balance Sheet of that period. The outcome of the service provision transaction is determined when the following conditions are satisfied:

- The significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the buyer;
- The stage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably;
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

The stage of completion of the service is determined using the stage of completion method.

Financial revenue

Revenue arising from interest, royalties, dividends, profits distributed and other financial income is recognized when both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the transaction;
- Revenue is determined relatively reliably.

Dividends and profits distributed are recognized when the Company is entitled to receive dividends or profits from capital contributions.

Interest on deposits is recorded on an accrual basis, determined on the balance of deposits and the applicable interest rate.

Principles and methods of recording financial expenses

Expenses recorded in financial expenses include:

- Expenses or losses related to financial investment activities;
- Expenses for lending and borrowing capital;
- Provisions for devaluation of securities investments.

The above expenses are recorded according to the total amount incurred during the period, without offsetting against financial revenue.

Principles and methods of recording current corporate income tax expense, deferred corporate income tax expense

Current corporate income tax expense is determined on the basis of taxable income and corporate income tax rate in the current year.

Deferred corporate income tax expense is determined on the basis of deductible temporary differences, taxable temporary differences and corporate income tax rate.

Other taxes are applied according to current tax laws in Vietnam.

Stakeholders

Related parties are enterprises including the Parent Company, subsidiaries of the Parent Company, companies in the same group, individuals that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries control, or are under common control with the Company. Associated parties, individuals who directly or indirectly own an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company. Key management personnel such as directors, officers of the company, close members of the family of these

individuals or related parties, and companies associated with these individuals are also considered related parties.

V. Additional information for items presented in the Balance Sheet

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVAL	LINIS
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	-	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)
Cash on hand	(i)	936.487.446	1.486.017.570
Non-term bank deposits	(ii)	2.131.374.926	2.807.330.312
Cash equivalents	(iii) _		
Total	_	3.067.862.372	4.293.347.882
SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES FROM	CUSTO	MERS	

2.

	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)
An Phat Food Supply Company Limited	489.679.870	298.277.640
SM FOODS VINA Company Limited	122.679.440	57.024.350
COCOZY Vietnam Company Limited	613.347.980	262.105.720
Laguna Beach Company Limited		255.400.950
HotFood Hanoi Company Limited		127.314.700
Khanh Long Food Joint Stock Company	1.498.950.895	1.600.030.075
Nari Vietnam Company Limited		367.073.550
Trang An Investment – Construction – Media JSC		600.352.554
Vietnam - Korea Food Company Limited	779.879.237	
Golden Shark Trading and Service Company Limited	557.500.200	
Other customers	1.003.203.719	542.465.890
Total	5.065.241.341	4.110.045.429
PAYMENT IN ADVANCE TO THE SELLER	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)

3.

PAYMENT IN ADVANCE TO THE SELLER	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)
Khanh Long Food Company Limited	307.554.650	587.305.250
T&P Clean Food Trading Company Limited	380.568.750	
An Gia Food Company Limited		69.885.092
Lao Cai Architecture & Construction Consulting JSC	60.000.000	60.000.000
Vimex Vietnam International Food JSC		1.717.887.920
5Food Vietnam Production Trading Service JSC	497.414.130	497.414.130
Other sellers		6.201.200
Total	1.245.537.530	2.938.693.592

4.	OTHER RECEIVABLES	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)
	Other receivables		1.935.000
	Total		1.935.000
5.	INVENTORY	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)
	Goods		
	Frozen goods	43.797.073.158	34.827.620.894
	Jewelry	57.109.301.347	57.109.301.347
	Other goods	24.186.000	24.186.000
	Total	100.930.560.505	91.961.108.241

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6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

8	Houses, structures VND	Machinery, equipment VND	Means of transport VND	Office Equipment VND	Other fixed assets VND	Total
ORIGINAL PRICE Balance as of date 01/01/2025 - Purchase during the			3.173.893.818		48.145.455	3.222.039.273
construction investment - Other increases - Switch to investment						
- Liquidation, sale - Other discounts			2.307.178.182			2.307.178.182
Balance as of date 30/06/2025			866.715.636		48.145.455	914.861.091
DEPRECIATION VALUE Balance as of date 01/01/2025 - Depreciation during			1.555.875.438		48.145.455	1.604.020.893
the period - Other increases - Switch to investment			128.467.656			128.467.656
- Liquidation, sale - Other discounts			1.108.478.245			1.108.478.245
Balance as of date 30/06/2025 RESIDUAL VALUE			575.864.849		48.145.455	624.010.304
At date 01/01/2025			1.618.018.380			1.618.018.380
At date 30/06/2025			290.850.787			290.850.787

In there: - Mortgage, pledge - Sold out, in use - Waiting for

liquidation

7.	PAYABLES TO SUPPLIERS
1.	I A I A D LED TO BUT I LILIUS

7.	PAYABLES TO SUFFLIERS	30/06/2025 (VND)	01/01/2025 (VND)
	Duc Tan Sai Gon Company Limited	194.400.000	194.400.000
	Thien Vuong Food Joint Stock Company	994.085.764	
	AnGiaFood Company Limited	6.041.255.288	
	Green Food Production and Import-Export		
	Company Limited	447.996.165	328.048.370
	Vimex Vietnam International Food Joint Stock		
	Company	529.293.170	
	Tuan Long Food Company Limited	513.374.160	513.374.160
	Hanoi Branch of Dai Tan Viet Joint Stock		
	Company		2.608.921.350
	Kim Gia Bao Trading Development Company		
	Limited	1.232.379.071	
	Other suppliers	654.253.502	477.569.234
	Cộng	10.607.037.120	4.122.313.114
			2
8.	TAXES AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE S	STATE 30/06/2025	01/01/2025
			(VND)
		(VND)	18.913.327
	Value Added Tax	14.641.605	198.860.224
	Corporate income tax	19.062.994	3.783.575
	Personal income tax	19.002.994	3.783.373
	Other payables	(
	Total	33.704.599	221.557.126
9.	SHORT-TERM EXPENSES		
		30/06/2025	01/01/2025
		(VND)	(VND)
	Short-term payable expenses	72.235.928	79.414.638
	Total	72.235.928	79.414.638
10	SALES AND SERVICE REVENUE		
10.	SALES AND SERVICE REVEROE	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
		(VND)	(VND)
	Sales and service revenue	37.265.656.079	39.580.469.940
	Total	37.265.656.079	39.580.469.940
	COOM ON COONS SOUN		
11.	COST OF GOODS SOLD	30/06/2025 (VND)	30/06/2024 (VND)
	Cost of goods sold	35.204.200.358	36.653.117.984
	Total	35,204,200,358	36.653.117.984

12.	FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES REVENUE		
		30/06/2025 (VND)	30/06/2024 (VND)
	Financial revenue	925.234	1.141.207
	Total	925.234	1.141.207
13.	FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
		30/06/2025 (VND)	30/06/2024 (VND)
	Financial expenses	19.920.772	Çazırı ile
	Cộng	19.920.772	
14.	COST OF SALES	30/06/2025	30/06/2024
		(VND)	(VND)
	Cost of sales	743.610.746	1.095.358.678
	Total	743.610.746	1.095.358.678
15.	BUSINESS MANAGEMENT COSTS		
		30/06/2025 (VND)	30/06/2024 (VND)
	Office materials and supplies expenses	5.496.000	3.696.640
	Management staff costs	973.411.324	922.792.143
	Depreciation expense	128.467.656	281.931.681
	Taxes, fees and charges	3.000.000	5.374.000
	Outsourcing service costs	126.178.248	62.900.326
	Other expenses in cash	20.570.063	11.507.465
	Total	1.257.123.291	1.288.202.255

16. COMPARATIVE DATA

Comparative figures are figures on the Financial Statements for the financial period ending June 30, 2024 that have been prepared.

Prepared: day 19 month 7 year 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Chairman of the Board

CÔNG TY
CÔ PHÂN
CENCON
VIỆT NAM

Pham Thi Ninh Chi

Pham Trung Hai

Tran Manh Son

