

CÔNG TY TNHH KIỂM TOÁN NHÂN TÂM VIỆT NHANTAMVIET AUDITING COMPANY

DAI CHAU GROUP JOINT STOCK COMPANY INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023, have been reviewed by NHAN TAM VIET AUDITING COMPANY LIMITED

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REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRCECTORS

The Management presents its report along with the reviewed financial statements for the first half of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

Business Highlights

Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company operates under Business Registration Certificate No. 0101030402, issued on April 24, 2000, by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment. Throughout its operation, the company has received 26 amendments to its Business Registration Certificate from the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment to align with its business activities. The 26th amended Business Registration Certificate was issued on February 13, 2025.

Charter capital according to the 26th amended Business Registration Certificate: 603,110,000,000 VND

The contributed capital as of June 30, 2023: 603,109,880,000 VND.

Headoffice:

Address

: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City.

Telephone

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E-mail

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: 0101030402

Financial Situation and Business Operations

The financial position as of June 30, 2023, the results of operations for the first half of the fiscal year, and the cash flow for the first half of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023, of the Company are presented in the attached interim financial statements (from page 08 to page 35).

Events occurring after the end of the reporting period

Former Chairman of the Board of Directors, Mr. Duong Duc Hoa, passed away on July 21, 2022. The Board of Directors' meeting minutes dated September 11, 2022, elected Mr. Nguyen Tuan Anh as the new Chairman, replacing Mr. Duong Duc Hoa. Since then, the company has ceased operations up to the present time.

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders Resolution No. 01/2024/NQ-DHDCD dated April 29, 2024, approved the following matters: Company restructuring and operational direction, re-election of all Board of Directors members, Executive Board, and General Director; change of company headquarters; change of the legal representative; amendments and supplements to the company's charter; transformation of the Supervisory Board model and establishment of an Internal Control Subcommittee.

The Board of Directors' Resolution No. 180302/2025/NQHDQT-DCS dated March 18, 2025, decided to establish a new project committee for the project "Temple of Hung Kings and Vietnamese Cultural Heroes – National Heroes" in Bac Giang province. Mr. Pham Trung Thanh was appointed as the head of the project committee.

The Company's Management confirms that no events have occurred after June 30, 2022, up to the date of this report, that have not been considered for adjustment or disclosed in the interim financial statements.



The Board of Directors and the Executive Management

The members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management of the Company as of the date of this report include:

Board of Directors and Management

The members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board of the Company as of the date of this report include:

Board of Directors

Full name	Position	Appointment/ Dismissal
Mr Nguyen Dinh Hung	Chairman	Appointed on May 28, 2024.
Mr Do Van Khue	Member	Appointed on May 28, 2024.
Mr Do Hong Dat	Member	Appointed on May 28, 2024.
Mr Nghiem The Quy	Member	Appointed on May 28, 2024.
Mr Tran Manh Hai	Member	Appointed on May 28, 2024.
Mr Hoang Xuan Vuong	Member	Appointed on May 28, 2024.

Board of General Directors

Mr Hoang Xuan Vuong

Full name	Position	Appointment/ Dismissal
Mr Nghiem The Quy	General Director	Appointed on May 28, 2024.
Mr Pham Trung Thanh	Deputy General Director	Appointed on March 18, 2025
Chief Accountant		
Full name		Appointment/ Dismissal

Appointed on May 28, 2024.

Auditor

Nhan Tam Viet Auditing Co., Ltd. has reviewed the interim financial statements for six months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

Statement of Responsibility of the Executive Board for the Financial Statements. The Company's Executive Board is responsible for preparing the Financial Statements that fairly and accurately reflect the Company's financial position, business performance, and cash flows for the year. During the preparation of the Financial Statements, the Company's Executive Board commits to complying with the following requirements:

- Establishing and maintaining internal controls as determined necessary by the Executive Board and the Board of Directors to ensure that the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements are free from material misstatements due to fraud or error;
- Selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them consistently;
- Making reasonable and prudent assessments and estimates;
- Stating whether the applied accounting standards have been complied with and disclosing any material deviations that require explanation in the Financial Statements;
- Preparing and presenting the Financial Statements in compliance with the Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System, and relevant legal regulations governing financial reporting;
- Preparing the Financial Statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Company will continue its operations.

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DAI CHAU GROUP JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRCECTORS (Cont)

As of the date of preparing this financial report, the Company has temporarily ceased operations for nearly three years due to the passing of former Chairman of the Board, Mr. Duong Duc Hoa. This factor indicates uncertainty regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the Company is making efforts to restore its operations and implement a new project in 2025.

At the same time, the Company's management affirms that there are no plans to discontinue operations in the coming years. Therefore, the financial statements for the first six months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, have been prepared based on the assumption that the Company will continue its business operations.

The Company's Executive Board ensures that accounting records are maintained to accurately and fairly reflect the Company's financial position at any given time and that the Interim Financial Statements comply with the prevailing regulations of the State. Additionally, the Executive Board is responsible for safeguarding the Company's assets and implementing appropriate measures to prevent and detect fraud and other violations.

The Company's Management commits that the interim financial statements fairly and reasonably reflect the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2022, the results of operations for the interim period, and the cash flows for the interim period for the fiscal year ending on the same date, in accordance with the Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, and compliance with relevant legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

Other commitments

Due to some objective reasons, the Company has not fulfilled its obligation to disclose the audited financial statements by the required deadline. As a result, the Company's shares have been placed under restricted trading according to Decision No. 1029/QD-SGDHN dated October 5, 2023, by the Hanoi Stock Exchange. The Company commits to fulfilling this obligation immediately after the issuance of this report along with the audited financial statements.

The General Director's Board commits that the Company complies with Decree No. 155/2020/ND-CP dated December 31, 2020, guiding corporate governance applicable to public companies, and the Company has not violated the information disclosure obligations as prescribed in Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020, of the Ministry of Finance, guiding information disclosure on the stock market.

Hanoi, March 31, 2025

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DALCHAU

Nguyen Dinh Hung

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CÔNG TY TNHH KIỂM TOÁN NHÂN TÂM VIỆT NHANTAM VIET AUDITING COMPANY

No

2702.01.02.01/2025/BCTC-NTV2

REVIEW REPORT

on the Interim Financial Statements
for the First Half of the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2023

Dear

Board of Members and Board of General Directors

Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company

We have reviewed the attached interim financial statements of Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company, prepared as of March 31, 2025, from page 08 to page 35, including the interim balance sheet as of June 30, 2023, the interim income statement, the interim cash flow statement for the first half of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023, and the notes to the interim financial statements.

Responsibility of the Board of Director

The management of Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Company's financial statements in accordance with accounting standards, the Vietnamese corporate accounting regime, and relevant legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements. They are also responsible for the internal controls that management determines are necessary to ensure that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibility of the Auditor

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim financial statements based on the results of our review. We have performed the review in accordance with the Vietnamese Standards on Review Engagements No. 2410 – Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

The review of interim financial information includes conducting interviews, primarily with those responsible for financial and accounting matters, and performing analytical procedures and other review procedures. A review is generally limited in scope compared to an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Auditing Standards, and as such, it does not provide us with assurance that we would identify all material issues that could be discovered in an audit. Therefore, we do not express an audit opinion.

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Trụ Sở Chính:

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> Chi nhánh tại TP. Hồ Chí Minh: 98 Vũ Tông Phan, P. An Phủ, Q. 2, TP. Hồ Chí Minh

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

- In 2014, the Company issued shares to increase its charter capital, and the funds raised from the share issuance were temporarily advanced for the implementation of the mixed-use project, consisting of office buildings and residential apartments for sale in Phu Thuong Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi. In 2017, the Company transferred this project, and the advances were recovered. The Company made loans to organizations and individuals, with the loan balance as of June 30, 2023, being 392,098,708,950 VND, which has not been confirmed (Note V.4). The Company has not recognized accrued interest in the current year or in previous periods. Using alternative audit procedures, we are unable to confirm the existence and accuracy of this matter. Therefore, we cannot assess its impact (if any) on the financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- As of June 30, 2023, the total investment value of the Company in its affiliated companies is 33,250,000,000 VND, which includes 31,000,000,000 VND in Xuân Minh SĐ Thanh Hoa Joint Stock Company and 2,250,000,000 VND in Đại Châu Trading Import-Export Co., Ltd. (Note V.10). We have not been provided with the financial statements or accounting records of these companies to audit the material items in the financial statements. Therefore, we cannot determine the existence or the impact of any provisions (if any) related to these investments on the financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- As of June 30, 2023, the balance of joint ventures is 36,500,000,000 VND, which includes 36,000,000,000 VND in Investment and Infrastructure Development Joint Stock Company and 500,000,000 VND in Ha Long Group Joint Stock Company (Note V.5). We have not collected the relevant documents related to these joint ventures, so we are unable to assess the existence or recoverability of these joint venture balances. Therefore, we cannot determine the necessary adjustments for the joint ventures or the impact on the financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- We were unable to gather sufficient appropriate evidence to determine the status of the investment property as of June 30, 2023, with a value of 27,768,000,000 VND. Therefore, we cannot assess its impact on the financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- We were unable to participate in the cash count on December 31, 2023. Through alternative audit procedures, we were unable to express an opinion on the existence and completeness of the cash balance as of December 31, 2023, which amounted to 11,952,487,435 VND. Therefore, we cannot determine the necessary adjustments for the cash on hand that has been recognized and not recognized, nor can we assess the related factors in the Company's financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- We were unable to participate in the inventory count or the fixed asset verification on December 31, 2023. Through alternative audit procedures, we were unable to express an opinion on the existence and completeness of the inventory and fixed assets, as well as the basis for any provision for inventory impairment (if applicable). Therefore, we cannot assess the impact on the Company's financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- We have not been provided with complete bank confirmation letters as of December 31, 2023. Through alternative audit procedures, we were unable to express an opinion on the existence and completeness of the deposit balance as of December 31, 2023, amounting to VND 1,063,024,478. As a result, we are unable to determine the necessary adjustments to this item or any related elements for the first half of 2023 financial statements.
- We have not collected sufficient confirmation letters for all outstanding debts as of December 31, 2023, including accounts receivable from customers of 21,554,253,098 VND, advances to suppliers of 21,936,198,200 VND, other short-term receivables of 64,768,772,584 VND, accounts payable to suppliers of 26,020,512,877 VND, loans payable of 9,103,713,292 VND, other payables of 7,626,136,068 VND, and advances from customers of 2,059,297,709 VND. Through alternative audit

procedures, we were unable to determine the existence, accuracy, or necessary adjustments for the outstanding debts as of December 31, 2023, as well as their impact on the Company's financial statements for the first half of 2023.

- The attached income statement for the year 2022 includes revenue, cost of goods sold, and service revenue amounts of 18,342,806,677 VND and 16,035,124,570 VND, respectively. We have not been provided with the relevant documentation related to the revenue and cost of sales for the year. Therefore, we are unable to assess the existence, completeness, and accuracy of the revenue and cost of goods sold, as well as their impact on the Company's financial statements for the first half of 2023.
- Due to the impact of the issues mentioned above, we do not have sufficient basis to determine the accuracy of the figures in the cash flow statement.
- The basis for our audit is the documents and records provided to us by Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company related to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements for the year 2023. Additionally, we have not been provided with sufficient accounting books or records, nor supporting documents for the period after the end of the fiscal year 2023 up to the issuance of this report. Therefore, we are unable to assess the impact of events occurring after the fiscal year-end (if any) for the first half of 2023
- At the time of preparing these financial statements, the Company has been temporarily inactive for nearly three years due to the passing of the former Chairman of the Board of Directors, Mr. Đường Đức Hóa. This situation indicates uncertainty regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the Company is making efforts to recover and plans to implement a new project in 2025. The auditors have discussed with the Company's management the appropriateness of using the going concern assumption and have requested management to assess or further evaluate the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the Company's management has confirmed that there are no plans to cease operations in the coming year. Therefore, the Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the going concern assumption.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Due to the significance of the issues mentioned in the section "Basis for the refusal to express an opinion," we were unable to gather sufficient appropriate audit evidence to form a basis for a conclusion. Therefore, we are unable to express a conclusion on the attached interim financial statements.

Hanoi, March 31, 2025
Nhan Tam Viet Auditing Co., Ltd

Deputy General Director

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Nguyen Thi Hanh

Certificate of Auditing Registration

No: 1690-2023-124-1

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30, 2023

Unit: VND

		Cod	Explana		
	ASSET	e	tion	Ending Balance	Beginning Balance
A -	SHORT-TERM ASSETS	100		616,006,501,482	616,006,501,482
I.	Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	13,021,242,750	13,021,242,750
1.	Cash	111		13,021,242,750	13,021,242,750
2.	Cash equivalents	112		-	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
II.	Short-term financial investment	120		-	-
1.	Trading securities	121		' p - n 1 ' -	<u>-</u>
2.	Provision for impairment of trading securities	122		-	-
3.	Held to maturity investment	123			*
III.	Short-term receivables	130		496,152,651,895	496,152,651,895
1.	Short-term trade receivables	131	V.2	21,554,253,098	21,554,253,098
2.	Short-term vendor advance	132	V.3	21,936,198,200	21,936,198,200
3.	Short-term internal receivables	133		÷	
4.	Receivable according to construction contract progra	134		-	-
5.	Short-term loan receivable	135	V.4	392,098,708,950	392,098,708,950
6.	Other short-term receivables	136	V.5a	64,768,772,584	64,768,772,584
7.	Provision for doubtful short-term receivables	137	V.6	(4,205,280,937)	(4,205,280,937)
8.	Assets missing pending resolution	139		•	-
IV.	Inventory	140	V.7	103,077,111,232	103,077,111,232
1.	Inventory	141		114,129,740,203	114,129,740,203
2.	Provision for inventory write-down	149		(11,052,628,971)	(11,052,628,971)
v.	Other short-term assets	150		3,755,495,605	3,755,495,605
1.	Short-term prepaid expenses	151		-	
2.	Deductible value added tax	152		3,755,495,605	3,755,495,605
3.	Taxes and other amounts receivable from the State	153			
4.	Government bond repurchase transaction	154			<u>.</u>
5	Other short-term assets	155		4	<u>.</u>

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

nterim balance sheet (continued)

		Cod	Explana	Maria de la companya	The second state of the second
	ASSET	e	tion _	Số cuối kỳ	Số đầu năm
В -	LONG-TERM ASSETS	200		61,894,830,902	61,943,843,870
I.	Long-term receivables	210		500,000,000	500,000,000
1.		211		- #45 1 1 1 1 -	1 1 3
2.		212			
3.		213			
4.		214			-
5.		215			
5.		216	V.5b	500,000,000	500,000,000
7.	and the area of the second of	219			·
II.	Fixed assets	220		376,830,902	425,843,870
1.		221	V.8	376,830,902	425,843,870
		222		36,241,956,917	36,241,956,917
	8 P	223		(35,865,126,015)	(35,816,113,047)
2.	The state of the s	224			
-		225			
	5	226			
3.		227			
		228			
		229		-	-
III.	Investment real estate	230	V.9	27,768,000,000	27,768,000,000
	Original price	231		27,768,000,000	27,768,000,000
	Accumulated depreciation	232		-	
IV.	Long-term unfinished assets	240		- 6-2	
1.	Long-term unfinished production and business costs	241			•
2.	Cost of unfinished basic construction	242		•	
v.	Long-term financial investment	250	V.10	33,250,000,000	33,250,000,000
1.	Investment in subsidiaries	251		-	-
2.	Investment in joint ventures and associates	252		33,250,000,000	33,250,000,000
3.	Investing in other entities	253			
4.	Long-term financial investment reserve	254		<u> </u>	•
5.	Held to maturity investment	255		-	•
VI.	Other long-term assets	260			•
1.	Long-term prepaid expenses	261			
2.	Deferred income tax assets	262			
3.	Long-term replacement equipment, supplies and spa				-
4.	Other long-term assets	268			•
	TOTAL ASSET	270		677,901,332,384	677,950,345,352

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

nterim balance sheet (continued)

	CAPITAL SOURCE	Cod	Explana tion	Số cuối kỳ	Số đầu năm
					Do and num
C -	LIABILITIES PAYABLE	300		45,728,673,199	45,728,673,199
I.	Short-term debt	310		45,728,673,199	45,728,673,199
1.	Short-term trade payables	311	V.11	26,020,512,877	26,020,512,877
2.	Short-term advance payment buyer	312	V.12	2,059,297,709	2,059,297,709
3.	Taxes and other payments to the State	313	V.13	-	
4.	Payable to workers	314		728,923,979	728,923,979
5.	Short-term payable expenses	315	V.14	83,974,709	83,974,709
6.	Short-term internal payables	316		-	
7.	Payable according to construction contract progress	317		5.490 4	
8.	Short-term unearned revenue	318			
9.	Other short-term payables	319	V.15	7,626,136,068	7,626,136,06
10.	Short-term loans and finance leases	320	V.16	9,103,713,292	9,103,713,293
11.	Provision for short-term payables	321		÷	
12.	Bonus and welfare fund	322		106,114,565	106,114,56
13.	Price stabilization fund	323		*	
14.	Government bond repurchase transaction	324		-	
II.	Long-term debt	330		-	
1.	Long-term trade payables	331		=	
2.	Long term prepayment buyer	332		-	
3.	Long-term payable expenses	333		-	
4.	Internal payable on working capital	334		-	
5.	Long-term internal payables	335		-	
6.	Long-term unrealized revenue	336		, p. 1/ -	
7.	Other long-term payables	337		-	
8.	Long-term loans and financial leases	338		11 - K 1 -	
9.	Convertible bonds	339		· -	
10.	Preferred stock	340		-	
11.	Deferred income tax payable	341		-	
12.	Long-term payables provision	342		-	
13.	Science and Technology Development Fund	343		-	

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

nterim balance sheet (continued)

	CAPITAL SOURCE	Cod e	Explana tion _	Số cuối kỳ	Số đầu năm
D -	OWNER'S EQUITY	400		632,172,659,185	632,221,672,153
I.	Equity	410	V.17	632,172,659,185	632,221,672,153
1.	Owner's equity	411		603,109,880,000	603,109,880,000
	Common shares with voting rights	411a		603,109,880,000	603,109,880,000
	Preferred stock	411b		•	-
2.	Capital surplus	412		8,329,176,600	8,329,176,600
3.	Bond conversion option	413		<u>.</u>	-
4.	Other owners' equity	414		·	
5.	Treasury stock	415		(14,550,000)	(14,550,000)
6.	Asset revaluation difference	416		•	
7.	Exchange rate difference	417		·	
8.	Development investment fund	418		4,293,837,340	4,293,837,340
9.	Enterprise Reorganization Support Fund	419			
10.	Other equity funds	420			
11.	Undistributed profit after tax	421		16,454,315,245	16,503,328,213
	Undistributed profit after tax accumulated	d to the en 421a		16,503,328,213	16,634,121,532
-	Undistributed profit this period	421b		(49,012,968)	(130,793,319,
12.	Source of capital for basic construction in	vestment 422			
II.	Other funding sources and funds	430		2	
1.	Funding sources	431		•	
2.	Funds for forming fixed assets	432		•	
	TOTAL CAPITAL	440		677,901,332,384	677,950,345,35
				Prepared on 31 O 101030 Character CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN TÂP ĐOÀN	
	Prepared by	Chief Accounta	nt	CÔNG TY	nan
				CÔ PHẨN	
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Hoang Xuan Vuong

Hoang Xuan Vuong

Nguyen Dinh Hung

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

BUSINESS PERFORMANCE REPORT

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

				Luỹ kế từ đầu nă	Unit: VND
	INDICATORS	Cod e	Explan ation	This year	Last year
1.	Sales and service revenue	01	VI.1		18,342,806,677
2.	Revenue deductions	02		•	
3.	Net revenue from sales and services	10		-	18,342,806,677
4.	Cost of goods sold	11	VI.2		16,029,767,422
5.	Gross profit from sales and service provision	20			2,313,039,255
6.	Financial revenue	21		•	•
7.	Financial costs	22	VI.3		386,934,406
	Including: interest expense	23			386,934,406
8.	Cost of sales	25		-	-
9.	Business management costs	26	VI.4	49,012,968	1,851,290,329
10.	Net operating profit	30		(49,012,968)	74,814,520
11.	Other income	31		-	41,329,455
12.	Other costs	32			11,832,150
13.	Other profits	40		-	29,497,305
14.	Total accounting profit before tax	50	VI.6	(49,012,968)	104,311,825
15.		51			•
17.	Profit after corporate income tax	60		(49,012,968)	104,311,825
	Earnings Per Share	70	VI.10	(1)	2
			7999		

Prepared by

Chief Accountant

CÔNG harman
CÔ PHAN
TÂP ĐẠN N
ĐẠI CHÂU
Hoang Xuan Vuong

Hoang Xuan Vuong

Nguyên Định Hung

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(By indirect method)

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

				Luv kế từ đầu n	Unit: VND ăm đến cuối kỳ này
	INDICATORS	Co de	Explan ation	This year	Last year
I.	Cash flow from operating activities				
1.	Profit before tax	01		(49,012,968)	104,311,825
2.	Adjustments for the following items:				
-	Depreciation of fixed assets and investment real estate	02		49,012,968	125,893,731
-	Provisions	03		. 2	
-	Exchange rate gains and losses due to revaluation				
	foreign currency monetary items	04		*	-
-	Profit and loss from investment activities	05		, -	
-	Interest expense	06		*	386,934,406
-	Other adjustments	07		· · · · · ·	
3.	Profit from operations				
	before changes in working capital	08		2	617,139,962
-	Increase, decrease receivables	09		•	(15,405,281,009)
-	Increase, decrease inventory	10		_ 	(14,060,564,339)
-	Increase, decrease payables	11			14,840,415,117
-	Increase, decrease prepaid expenses	12		-	-
-	Increase, decrease trading securities	13		<u>.</u>	
-	Interest paid	14			(372,986,770)
-	Corporate income tax paid	15			-
-	Other income from operating activities	16			
-	Other expenses for business activities	17			-
	Net cash flow from operating activities	20			(14,381,277,039)
II.	Cash flow from investing activities				
1.	Money spent on purchasing and constructing fixed asset	ts and			
	other long-term assets	21		•	
2.	Proceeds from liquidation and sale of fixed assets and				
	other long-term assets	22		_	
3.	Money spent on lending, buying debt instruments				
	other units	23			
4.	Proceeds from loan recovery, resale of debt instruments				
	other units	24			30,844,517,993
5.	Money spent on investment in other entities	25			30,044,317,993
	Proceeds from capital investment in other entities	26		•	•
6.	Interest income, dividends and profits	27		-	•
7.		21		-	
	Net cash flow from investing activities	30			30,844,517,993

Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City, Vietnam INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

"Interim cash flow statement (continued)

INDICATORS		Co Explan le ation _	This year	Last year
I. Cash flow from financing activiti	es			
Proceeds from issuing shares, recei	ving capital contributio	ons		
owner	3	1	4.5	
Money returned to owners, buybacl	<			
issued company shares	3	32	4 1 4 4	-
Proceeds from borrowing	3	13		11,251,200,940
Loan principal repayment	3	34		(11,284,055,603)
Lease principal repayment	3	35		-
Dividends, profits paid to owners	3	36	-	-
Net cash flow from financing activ	vities 4	10	-	(32,854,663)
Net cash flow during the period	5	50	<u>.</u>	16,430,386,291
Cash and cash equivalents at the	beginning of the ye: 6	60 V.1	13,021,242,750	8,534,588,601
Impact of Foreign Exchange Rate F	luctuations on Curre 6	51		-
Cash and cash equivalents at the	end of the period 7	70 V.1 =	13,021,242,750	24,964,974,892
			Prepared and M	March, 2025
Prepared by	Chief Account	ant	CÔNG Charun	àn
			CÔ PHẨN	
			* TAP DOAN	4
1 (11 (PAI CHAU	
	1/11/10		AN HOLTE HAY	
Jamos	Ville			
Hoang Xuan Vuong	Hoang Xuan Vu	iong	Nguyen Dinl	Hung
		_		ام ا
				/ * //

Note to the financial statements (cont)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The first 6 months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023

I. OPERATION FEATURES

1. Ownership form

: Joint Stock Company

2. Business Sector

: Manufacturing, trading, and services

3. Business Activities:

- Wholesale of raw agricultural and forest products (except wood, bamboo, rattan) and live animals. Details: Production, processing, and trading of agricultural products; production and processing of agricultural products;
- Construction of other civil engineering works;
- Wholesale of electronic equipment and telecommunications components J.
- 4. Usual Production and Business Cycle: Within 12 months.
- 5. Statement on Comparability of Financial Statements: The financial statement data for the first half of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023, is fully consistent and ensures comparability with the financial statement data for the first half of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, and the financial statement for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

II. FISCAL YEAR AND STANDARD CURRENCY UNIT USED IN ACCOUNTING

1. Fiscal year

Fiscal year of the Company is from 1 January to 31 December annually.

2. Standard currency unit used in accounting

The currency used in accounting is the Vietnamese Dong (VND).

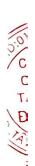
III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEM APPLIED

1. Accounting System Applied

The company applies accounting standards, the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016, which amends and supplements several articles of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, and other circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards by the Ministry of Finance in the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

2. Statement of Compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting System

The Board of General Directors ensures compliance with the requirements of the accounting standards, the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016, which amends and supplements several articles of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, as well as other circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards by the Ministry of Finance in the preparation of financial statements.



Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

3. Accounting method applied

The company uses the general journal accounting method on computers.

IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparing financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis (except for information related to cash flows).

2. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank deposits, money in transit, and short-term investments with a maturity period or due date of no more than 3 months from the purchase date, easily convertible into a fixed amount of cash, and with no significant risk of conversion.

3. Financial investments

Loans

Loans are recognized at their original cost, less any provision for doubtful receivables. The provision for doubtful receivables on loans is established based on the estimated level of potential loss

Investments in associated companies

Associated companies

An associate company is an enterprise in which the Company has significant influence but does not have control over the financial and operating policies. Significant influence is reflected in the right to participate in making decisions on the financial and operating policies of the investee, but without controlling these policies.

Investments in associated companies are initially recognized at cost, including the purchase price or capital contribution plus directly attributable costs related to the investment. In the case of investments in non-monetary assets, the investment amount is recognized at the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the time the investment is made.

Dividends and profits from periods before the investment was acquired are accounted for as a reduction in the value of the investment itself. Dividends and profits from periods after the investment is acquired are recognized as revenue. Stock dividends received are only tracked as an increase in the number of shares, without recognizing the value of the shares received / recorded at par value.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities include investments in equity instruments where the Company does not have control, joint control, or significant influence over the investee.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognized at cost, including the purchase price or capital contribution plus any directly attributable costs related to the investment activity. Dividends and profits from periods before the investment is acquired are accounted for as a reduction in the value of the investment itself. Dividends and profits from periods after the investment is acquired are recognized as revenue. Stock dividends received are only tracked as an increase in the number of shares, without recognizing the value of the shares received / recorded at par value (except for state-owned companies, which follow the current legal regulations).



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DAI CHAU GROUP JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

4. Inventory recognition principles

Inventories are recognized at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- Raw materials, goods: include purchase costs and other directly attributable costs incurred to bring the inventory to its current location and condition.
- Finished goods include the cost of raw materials, direct labor, and related manufacturing overhead allocated based on normal operating capacity, as well as land use right costs, direct costs, and related overhead incurred during the investment and construction of real estate finished goods.
- Work-in-progress production costs: only include the cost of main raw materials (or other relevant cost elements as appropriate).

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventory in the normal course of production and business operations, minus the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to sell them.

The value of inventory is determined using the weighted average method and is accounted for using the perpetual inventory system.

Inventory write-downs are made at the end of the year when there is a decline in the net realizable value of inventory compared to its cost.

5. Receivables

Receivables are presented at their carrying amount, net of any allowance for doubtful debts. The classification of receivables into customer receivables and other receivables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Customer receivables reflect trade-related receivables arising from purchase-sale transactions
 between the company and buyers who are independent entities from the parent company,
 including receivables from entrusted export sales to other entities.
- Other receivables reflect non-trade receivables that are not related to purchase-sale transactions.
- A provision for doubtful debts is established for each doubtful receivable based on the overdue age of the debts or the estimated potential loss, as specified below:
- · For overdue receivables:
 - 30% of the value for receivables overdue from 6 months to less than 1 year.
 - 50% of the value for receivables overdue from 1 year to less than 2 years.
 - 70% of the value for receivables overdue from 2 years to less than 3 years.
 - 100% of the value for receivables overdue for 3 years or more.
- For receivables that are not yet overdue but are unlikely to be recovered: the provision is established based on the estimated potential loss.

6. Recognition and depreciation principles for fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of fixed assets includes all expenses incurred by the Company to acquire the asset and bring it into a condition ready for use. Subsequent costs are added to the cost of the fixed asset only if these costs are expected to result in future economic benefits from using the asset. Costs that do not meet this condition are immediately recognized as expenses.

When a fixed asset is sold or disposed of, its cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss arising from the disposal is recognized in income or expense for the year.



Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method based on their estimated useful life. The depreciation period for each type of fixed asset is as follows:

Type of fixed assets	Number of years
Buildings and structures	06 - 25
Machinery and equipment	05 - 12
Transportation vehicles and transmission equipment	06 - 10
Other fixed assets	03 - 08

7. Investment properties

Investment properties are land use rights held for the purpose of earning rental income or capital appreciation. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of investment properties includes all expenses incurred by the Company or the fair value of assets exchanged to acquire the investment property up to the point of purchase or the completion of construction.

Costs related to investment properties incurred after initial recognition are recognized as expenses, unless these costs are likely to result in the investment property generating future economic benefits exceeding the initial assessed level of activity, in which case they are added to the cost of the property.

The Company's investment property as of December 31, 2020, is the land use rights for the area at Cay Da Phuong Bang, Song Phuong, Hoai Duc, Hanoi, with a usage period until 2043. The land's purpose is for the cultivation of perennial fruit trees. The Company does not depreciate this investment property.

8. Accounting principles for payables and accrued expenses

Payables and accrued expenses are recognized for amounts owed in the future related to goods and services that have been received. Accrued expenses are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amounts payable.

The classification of payables as trade payables, accrued expenses, and other payables is carried out according to the following principles:

- Accounts payable to suppliers reflect trade payables arising from transactions involving the
 purchase of goods, services, and assets, where the supplier is an independent entity from the
 Company. This includes payables arising from imports through a consignee.
- Accrued expenses reflect amounts owed for goods or services received from the supplier or
 provided to the buyer but not yet paid due to the absence of invoices or incomplete accounting
 documentation. It also includes payables to employees for wages, vacation pay, and other
 production or business expenses that need to be accrued.

Other payables reflect amounts owed that are non-commercial in nature and not related to the purchase, sale, or provision of goods and services..

9. Recognition principles for loans.

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

The company must track the repayment terms of loans in detail. Loans with a repayment period of more than 12 months from the reporting date should be classified by accounting as long-term loans and financial lease liabilities. Loans due for repayment within the next 12 months from the reporting date should be classified as short-term loans and financial lease liabilities for the purpose of payment planning.

10. Owners' Equity

Owner's Contributed Capital

The owner's contributed capital is recognized based on the actual amount contributed by shareholders.

Unappropriated profit

Recognition of business results (profit or loss) after corporate income tax and the distribution of profits or handling of losses by the company.

Treasury stock

When the company repurchases its own shares, the payment amount, including any transaction-related costs, is recognized as treasury stock and reflected as a deduction from equity. When the shares are reissued, the difference between the reissue price and the book value of the treasury stock is recorded under the Share premium account.

The funds are established and used according to the company's charter.

11. Recognition of revenue

a) Revenue from the sale of goods and finished products

Revenue from the sale of goods and finished products is recognized when the following conditions are simultaneously met:

- The enterprise has transferred most of the risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the product or goods to the buyer.
- The enterprise no longer retains control over the goods as the owner or has control over the goods;
- Revenue is determined with a reasonable degree of certainty;
- The enterprise has received or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction.
- The costs related to the sales transaction can be reliably estimated./.

b) Revenue from service provision

Revenue from service provision is recognized when the following conditions are simultaneously met:

- Revenue is determined with reasonable certainty;
- It is probable that economic benefits will be obtained from the service provision transaction;
- The portion of work completed as of the balance sheet date can be determined;
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service provision transaction can be determined./.

c) Financial income

Revenue arising from interest, royalties, dividends, profit sharing, and other financial income is recognized when both of the following two conditions are met:

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

- It is probable that economic benefits will be obtained from the transaction;
- Revenue is determined with reasonable certainty./.

12. Accounting Principle for Cost of Goods Sold

The cost of goods sold during the year is recognized in accordance with the revenue generated during the period and ensures compliance with the prudence principle.

For direct material costs that exceed normal consumption, labor costs, and fixed production overheads that are not allocated to the value of goods in inventory, accounting must immediately include them in the cost of goods sold (after deducting any compensation, if applicable), even when the products or goods have not been recognized as sold.

The provision for inventory write-down is included in the cost of goods sold based on the quantity of inventory and the difference between the net realizable value and the original cost of the inventory. When determining the volume of inventory to be written down, accounting must exclude inventory that has been contracted for sale (with a net realizable value not lower than its carrying value) but has not yet been transferred to the customer, if there is reliable evidence that the customer will not withdraw from fulfilling the contract.

13. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include interest on loans and other costs directly related to the borrowing.

Borrowing costs are recognized as expenses when incurred. If the borrowing costs are directly related to the construction or production of assets that are under construction and require a significant period (over 12 months) to be ready for use or sale, those borrowing costs are capitalized. For loans specifically used for the construction of fixed assets or investment properties, interest is capitalized even if the construction period is less than 12 months. Any income generated from the temporary investment of the loan funds is deducted from the carrying amount of the related asset.

For general loans that are used for the purpose of investing in the construction or production of work-in-progress assets, the capitalized borrowing costs are determined based on a capitalization rate applied to the weighted average accumulated costs incurred for the construction or production of that asset. The capitalization rate is calculated based on the weighted average interest rate of the loans that remain unpaid during the year, excluding specific loans used for the purpose of forming a particular asset.

14. Accounting principles for selling expenses and administrative expenses

Selling expenses reflect the actual costs incurred during the process of selling products, goods, or providing services, including costs for offering, product promotion, advertising, sales commissions, product warranty costs (excluding construction activities), storage, packaging, and transportation costs...

Administrative expenses reflect the general management costs of the company, including expenses for the salaries of company management staff (wages, salaries, allowances, etc.); social insurance, health insurance, trade union funds, and unemployment insurance for the company's management staff; office materials, labor tools, and depreciation of fixed assets used for company management; land rent, business license tax; provisions for doubtful accounts receivable; outsourced services (electricity, water, telephone, fax, property insurance, fire insurance, etc.); and other cash expenses (entertainment, client meetings, etc...).

15. Principles and methods of recognizing current corporate income tax expenses

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

Current income tax is the tax calculated based on taxable income. The taxable income differs from accounting profit due to adjustments for temporary differences between tax and accounting, non-deductible expenses, as well as adjustments for income that is exempt from tax and carried-forward losses.

The company has an obligation to pay corporate income tax at a rate of 20%.

16. Financial assets

Classification of Financial Assets

The company classifies financial assets into the following categories: financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification of these financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial asset and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Financial assets are recognized at fair value through the income statement

Financial assets are classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition.

Financial assets are classified as held-for-trading securities if:

- Purchased or created primarily for the purpose of selling in the short term;
- The company intends to hold them for the purpose of short-term profit;
- Derivative financial instruments (except for derivative financial instruments designated as a financial guarantee contract or an effective hedging instrument).

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and a fixed maturity date that the company intends and has the ability to hold until maturity.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not listed on the market.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, or loans and receivables.

The initial carrying amount of a financial asset

Financial assets are recognized on the purchase date and derecognized on the sale date. At the initial recognition, the financial asset is determined at the purchase price/issuance cost plus any other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial asset.

17. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments are classified as financial liabilities or equity instruments at the time of initial recognition in accordance with the nature and definition of financial liabilities and equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

The company classifies financial liabilities into the following categories: financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost. The classification of financial liabilities depends on the nature and purpose of the liability and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

Financial liabilities are recognized at fair value through the income statement

Financial liabilities are classified as recognized at fair value through the income statement if they are held for trading or are designated as at fair value through the income statement at the time of initial recognition.

Financial liabilities are classified as held-for-trading securities if:

- Issued or created primarily for the purpose of repurchasing in the short term;
- The company intends to hold them for the purpose of short-term profit;
- Derivative financial instruments (except for derivative financial instruments designated as a financial guarantee contract or an effective hedging instrument).

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost are determined by the initial carrying amount of the financial liability, less any principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization of the difference between the initial carrying amount and the maturity value, calculated using the effective interest method, less any impairments (either directly or through the use of a provision account) due to a decrease in value or non-recovery.

The effective interest method is the method used to calculate the amortized cost of a financial liability or group of financial liabilities and allocate interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts the estimated future cash flows that will be paid or received throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or shorter if necessary, to the net present value of the financial liability.

The initial carrying amount of a financial liability

At initial recognition, financial liabilities are determined at the issue price plus any directly attributable costs incurred in issuing the financial liability.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are contracts that represent a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all liabilities.

18. Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component that participates in the production or provision of products or services and has risks and economic benefits different from those of other business segments.

A geographic segment is a distinguishable component that participates in the production or provision of products or services within a specific economic environment and has risks and economic benefits different from those of business segments in other economic environments.

19. Related parties

Parties are considered related if one party has the ability to control or exert significant influence over the other party in making financial and operational policy decisions. Parties are also considered related if they are under common control or have significant joint influence. In considering the relationship between related parties, the nature of the relationship is emphasized over the legal form.

Transactions with related parties during the year are disclosed in note VII.1.



Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Cash	11,952,487,435	11,952,487,435
Non-term bank deposits	1,068,755,315	1,068,755,315
Total	13,021,242,750	13,021,242,750

2. Short-term receivables from customers

_	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Duc Bao Paint Limited Liability Company	1,530,419,813	1,530,419,813
Halong Dream Hotel Joint Stock Company	2,688,983,055	2,688,983,055
Hanoi General Export-Import Joint Stock Company- Hoa Binh Branch Son Ha Project Business and Development Joint	1,173,442,800	1,173,442,800
Stock Company	1,162,788,206	1,162,788,206
Geleximco Group - Joint Stock Company	8,279,405,698	8,279,405,698
Other customers	6,719,213,526	6,719,213,526
Total	21,554,253,098	21,554,253,098

3. Short-term prepayments to suppliers

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Mr. Pham Minh Tuan - Viet Long Area Project		
(*)	15,145,756,000	15,145,756,000
Mr Mai Hung An (*)	1,068,483,000	1,068,483,000
Hanoi Clean Water One-Member Limited		
Liability Company	1,429,394,987	1,429,394,987
Other suppliers	4,292,564,213	4,292,564,213
Total	21,936,198,200	21,936,198,200
=		

^(*) It is an advance payment for the land transfer of commercial land under the Quang Minh villa, garden house, entertainment, and tourism project in Quang Minh Commune (Me Linh).





Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

4. Short-term loan receivables

Mr./Ms. Nguyen Huu Tuong 23,041,975,000 23,041,975,000 Mr./Ms Dao Ngoc Chuong 18,198,148,005 18,198,148,005 Mr./Ms Nguyen Quang Hai 35,000,000,000 35,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Dang Hung 36,000,000,000 36,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Ngo Trong Huong 17,300,000,000 17,300,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Huu Dung 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 <		Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Mr./Ms Nguyen Quang Hai 35,000,000,000 35,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Dang Hung 36,000,000,000 36,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Ngo Trong Huong 17,300,000,000 17,300,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Huu Dung 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tran Van Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400	Mr./Ms. Nguyen Huu Tuong	23,041,975,000	23,041,975,000
Mr./Ms Nguyen Dang Hung 36,000,000,000 36,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Ngo Trong Huong 17,300,000,000 17,300,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Huu Dung 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tran Van Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400	Mr./Ms Dao Ngoc Chuong	18,198,148,005	18,198,148,005
Mr./Ms Nguyen Dang Hung 36,000,000,000 36,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Ngo Trong Huong 17,300,000,000 17,300,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Huu Dung 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tran Van Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400	Mr./Ms Nguyen Quang Hai	35,000,000,000	35,000,000,000
Mr./Ms Ngo Trong Huong 17,300,000,000 17,300,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Huu Dung 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tran Van Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		36,000,000,000	36,000,000,000
Mr./Ms Tran Van Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		17,300,000,000	17,300,000,000
Mr./Ms Tran Van Khang 24,000,000,000 24,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400	Mr./Ms Nguyen Huu Dung	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Mr./Ms Nguyen Kim Tuan 25,930,000,000 25,930,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		24,000,000,000	24,000,000,000
Mr./Ms Nguyen Sy Lam 17,000,000,000 17,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		25,930,000,000	25,930,000,000
Mr./Ms Luu Chi Hung 5,288,282,000 5,288,282,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		17,000,000,000	17,000,000,000
Mr./Ms Nguyen Khac Nghia 51,222,258,313 51,222,258,313 Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		5,288,282,000	5,288,282,000
Mr./Ms Tran Ngoc Tuan 16,460,000,000 16,460,000,000 Mr./Ms Nguyen Van Tam 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		51,222,258,313	51,222,258,313
Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		16,460,000,000	16,460,000,000
Mr./Ms Pham Van Vinh 2,504,527,404 2,504,527,404 Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan 5,000,000,000 5,000,000,000 Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha 7,706,300,000 7,706,300,000 Mr./Ms Vu La Minh 76,906,072,828 76,906,072,828 Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400		2,504,527,404	2,504,527,404
Mr./Ms Vu La Minh Coans to other entities 76,906,072,828 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400	Mr./Ms Phan Van Tuan	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Loans to other entities 20,541,145,400 20,541,145,400	Mr./Ms Tong Thi Thanh Ha	7,706,300,000	
202 000 700 050		76,906,072,828	
Total 392,098,708,950 392,098,708,950	Loans to other entities	20,541,145,400	
		392,098,708,950	392,098,708,950

^(*) The funds lent to organizations and individuals were formed from the recovery of advance payments for the implementation of the Mixed-Use Office and Residential Building Project, with apartments for sale in Phu Thuong Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi, during the capital increase issuance in 2014, as well as the interest income from these loans collected over the years.

5. Other receivables

a) Short-term

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Interest receivable on loans	28,345,592,001	28,345,592,001
Pledge, escrow, and collateral	190,906,374	190,906,374
General Trading and Infrastructure		
Development Investment Joint Stock Company		
(1)	36,000,000,000	36,000,000,000
Other short-term receivables	232,274,209	232,274,209
Total	64,768,772,584	64,768,772,584

(1) It is a cooperation with the General Trading and Infrastructure Development Investment Joint Stock Company under Investment Cooperation Agreement No. 12/HDHTDT signed on December 21, 2016. According to the agreement, Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company and the General Trading and Infrastructure Development Investment Joint Stock Company jointly contribute capital to implement the "High-rise Residential Area Project" at the CC3 land plot, My Dinh II Urban Area, Tu Liem District, Hanoi. The total investment for the project is 80 billion VND, with Dai Chau Group Joint Stock Company contributing 36 billion VND, equivalent to 45% of the total investment capital.

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

b) Long-term

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Ha Long Group Joint Stock Company (2)	500,000,000	500,000,000
Total	500,000,000	500,000,000

(2) This is a capital contribution under Principle Contract No. 03/2010/HDNT dated April 26, 2010, between the Company and Ha Long Group Joint Stock Company regarding investment cooperation in a warehouse system at the Urban and Duty-Free Zone in Hoa Binh Ward, Mong Cai City, Quang Ninh Province.

6. Provision for doubtful short-term receivables

	This year	Previous year
Beginning balance	4,205,280,937	4,205,280,937
Additional provision		
Year-end Balance	4,205,280,937	4,205,280,937

7. Inventory

	Year-end Balance		Beginnin	g Balance
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
Raw materials and supplies	59,892,456,520		59,892,456,520	-
Tools and equipment	5,643,910		5,643,910	-
Work-in-progress production costs	43,179,010,802	Hadi .	43,179,010,802	
Finished goods	8,325,172,288	(8,325,172,288)	8,325,172,288	(8,325,172,288)
Merchandise	2,727,456,683	(2,727,456,683)	2,727,456,683	(2,727,456,683)
Total	114,129,740,203	(11,052,628,971)	114,129,740,203	(11,052,628,971)

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

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36,241,956,917 36,241,956,917 35,816,113,047 35,865,126,015 Other fixed assets 191,150,802 191,150,802 191,150,802 191,150,802 Transportation and transmission means 1,394,934,546 1,394,934,546 969,060,676 49,012,968 1,018,103,644 425,843,870 376,830,902 25,949,828,964 25,949,828,964 25,949,828,964 25,949,828,964 Machinery and equipment 8,706,042,605 8,706,042,605 8,706,042,605 8,706,042,605 Buildings and structures Increase during the year due to Accumulated depreciation Tangible fixed assets Beginning Balance Year-end Balance Beginning Balance Year-end Balance Beginning Balance Year-end Balance Remaining value Original Cost depreciation

49,012,968

Total

425,843,870 376,830,902

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

9. Taxes and amounts payable to the State

	Beginning payable amount	Amount payable during the year	Amount paid during the year	Ending payable amount
Other type of taxes	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	3,000,000	(3,000,000)	
Total		3,000,000	(3,000,000)	

Value added tax

The company pays value-added tax using the credit method at a tax rate of 10%.

Corporate income tax

The company pays corporate income tax at a rate of 20%.

Other type of taxes

Other taxes, which the company declares and pays according to regulations.

10. Short-term accrued expenses

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Interest expense payable	70,027,073	70,027,073
Other short-term accrued expenses	13,947,636	13,947,636
Total	83,974,709	83,974,709

11. Other short-term payables

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Union funding	173,277,338	173,277,338
Health insurance	113,306,250	113,306,250
Unemployment insurance	37,225,000	37,225,000
2011 dividends payable	7,302,327,480	7,302,327,480
Total	7,626,136,068	7,626,136,068

12. Short-term loans

	Year-end Balance	Beginning Balance
Short-term bank loans	1,777,281,279	1,777,281,279
Asia Commercial Bank (ACB) – Ha Thanh Branch	- 1	-
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank		
(TPBank) – Ba Dinh Branch (*)	1,777,281,279	1,777,281,279
An Binh Bank – Hanoi Branch	<u>-</u>	
Short-term loans from other individuals	7,326,432,013	7,326,432,013
Total	9,103,713,292	9,103,713,292
Short-term loans from other individuals	The state and a first and	

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023
Note to the financial statements (cont)

13. Owner's equity
Statement of Changes in Owners' Equity

Total	632,352,465,472 (130,793,319 <u>)</u>	632,221,672,153	632,221,672,153	(49,012,968) 632,172,659,185
Undistributed after- tax profit	16,634,121,532 (130,793,319)	16,503,328,213	16,503,328,213	(49,012,968)
Development investment fund	4,293,837,340	4,293,837,340	4,293,837,340	4,293,837,340
Treasury	(14,550,000)	(14,550,000)	(14,550,000)	(14,550,000)
Share premium	8,329,176,600	8,329,176,600	8,329,176,600	8,329,176,600
Owner's investment capital	603,109,880,000		603,109,880,000	603,109,880,000
	The beginning number of last year Profit in the previous year	Ending balance of last year 603,109,880,000	Beginning balance of this year	Profit in the current year Ending balance of this year 603,109,880,000 8,329,176,600



Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Number of outstanding shares

Common shares Preferred shares

Note to the financial statements (cont)

Stocks		
	Ending Balance	Beginning Balance
Number of shares registered for issuance	60,311,000	60,311,000
Number of shares issued/sold to the public	60,310,988	60,310,988
- Common shares	60,310,988	60,310,988
- Preferred shares	-	-
Number of shares repurchased	1,455	1,455
- Common shares	1,455	1,455
- Preferred shares	-	-

60,309,533

60,309,533

60,309,533

60,309,533

Par value of outstanding shares: 10,000 VND per share.

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of this period	
This year	Previous Year
	17,651,897,585
and the same of the same	690,909,092
THE PARTS AND END OF	18,342,806,677
Cumulative from the beginning of th year to the end of this period	
This year	Previous Year
	16.029.767.422
	16.029.767.422
Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of this period	
This year	Previous Year
	386.934.406
-	386.934.406
	Cumulative from the year to the end of the year to the end of the year. Cumulative from the year to the end of the year.





Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

4. Business management expenses

Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of this period

	This year	Previous Year
Employee expenses	-	1.014.667.405
Depreciation expense of fixed assets	49.012.968	49.012.968
Outsourced service costs		12.470.850
Other expenses		775.139.106
Total	49.012.968	1.851.290.329



Current corporate income tax expense

Cumulative from the beginning of the year to the end of this period

	the end of this period		
	This year	Previous Year	
Total accounting profit before tax	(49.012.968)	104.311.825	
Adjustments to accounting profit for determining	Service Transfer		
taxable income:	-		
- Increase adjustment	-	-	
- Decrease adjustment	, -		
Taxable income	(49.012.968)	104.311.825	
Carried forward losses from previous years		(104.311.825)	
Taxable income	(49.012.968)	-	
Corporate income tax rate	20%	20%	
Current corporate income tax	•		



Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

6. Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share

	This year	Previous Year
Accounting profit after corporate income tax Adjustments to accounting profit for	(49.012.968)	104.311.825
determining profit attributable to common shareholders:		
Profit used to calculate basic earnings per share	(49.012.968)	104.311.825
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year	60.309.533	60.309.533
Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share	(1)	2

The weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year is calculated as follows:

	This year	Previous Year
Common shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	60,309,533	60,309,533
Impact of additional common shares issued	<u> </u>	
Weighted average common shares outstanding during the year	60,309,533	60,309,533



Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

VII. OTHER INFORMATION

1. Transactions with related parties

Transactions with key management personnel and related individuals are as follows:

Key management personnel and related individuals include: members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Board, the Chief Accountant, and close family members of these individuals.

During the period, the entity did not incur any transactions with related parties.

Related parties of the Company include:

Related parties	Relationship	
Dai Chau Trading - Import Export Co., Ltd	Associate company	
Xuan Minh Joint Stock Company, Thanh Hoa Branch	Associate company	

The company did not incur transactions with other related parties.

2. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

	Book Value		Fair Value	
	Ending balance	Beginning Balance	Ending balance	Beginning Balance
Financial Assets	· regines		igua (n. 1946).	
Cash and cash				
equivalents	13,021,242,750	13,021,242,750	13,021,242,750	13,021,242,750
Accounts receivable				
from customers	19,080,507,292	19,843,965,392	19,080,507,292	19,843,965,392
Loans receivable	392,098,708,950	392,098,708,950	392,098,708,950	392,098,708,950
Other receivables	64,768,772,584	64,768,772,584	64,768,772,584	64,768,772,584
Financial assets availab	le			
for sale	33,250,000,000	33,250,000,000	33,250,000,000	33,250,000,000
Total	522,219,231,576	522,982,689,676	522,219,231,576	522,982,689,676
Financial liabilities				
Loan and debts	9,103,713,292	9,103,713,292	9,103,713,292	9,103,713,292
Payables to suppliers	26,020,512,877	26,020,512,877	26,020,512,877	26,020,512,877
Other payables	8,439,034,756	8,439,034,756	8,439,034,756	8,439,034,756
Total	43,563,260,925	43,563,260,925	43,563,260,925	43,563,260,925

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is reflected at the value that the financial instrument could be exchanged for in a current transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties.

The company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate fair value:

- The fair value of cash, short-term bank deposits, accounts receivable from customers, payables to suppliers, and other short-term payables is equivalent to the book value of these items due to their short-term nature.
- The fair value of receivables and loans with fixed or variable interest rates is assessed based on
 information such as interest rates, risks, repayment ability, and the nature of the risk associated
 with the debt. Based on this assessment, the company estimates provisions for the portion that
 may not be recoverable.

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DAI CHAU GROUP JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023
Note to the financial statements (cont)

• The fair value of financial assets available for sale that are listed on the stock market is the quoted trading price at the end of the fiscal year. The fair value of financial assets available for sale that are not listed is estimated using appropriate valuation methods.

3. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party involved in a contract will not be able to fulfill its obligations, leading to financial loss for the company.

The company has credit risks from its business activities (primarily related to receivables from customers) and financial activities, such as bank deposits.

Accounts receivable from customers

The company has an appropriate credit policy and regularly monitors the situation to assess whether the company is exposed to credit risk. The company does not have any significant credit risk with customers or partners because receivables come from a large number of customers operating in various sectors.

Bank deposits

Most of the company's bank deposits are held at large, reputable banks in Vietnam. The company considers the concentration of credit risk regarding bank deposits to be low.

4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company may face difficulties in fulfilling its financial obligations due to a lack of cash.

The Board of Directors holds the highest responsibility for managing liquidity risk. The company's liquidity risk primarily arises from the mismatched maturity dates of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The company manages liquidity risk by maintaining an appropriate level of cash and cash equivalents, as well as borrowings at a level deemed sufficient by the Board of Directors to meet the company's operational needs, in order to minimize the impact of cash flow fluctuations. The repayment terms of financial payables are based on the expected contractual payments, undiscounted, as follows:

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023

Note to the financial statements (cont)

	1 Year or Less	Over 1 Year to 5 Years	Over 5 years	Total
Ending Balance				
Loans and Debts	9,103,713,292	_	<u>.</u>	9,103,713,292
Payables to Suppliers	26,020,512,877	4	_	26,020,512,877
Other Payables	8,439,034,756	<u>.</u>		8,439,034,756
Total	43,563,260,925	-		43,563,260,925
Beginning Balance				
Loans and Debts	9,103,713,292	-	-	9,103,713,292
Payables to Suppliers	26,020,512,877	-	-	26,020,512,877
Other Payables	8,439,034,756	W - 50 - 2		8,439,034,756
Total	43,563,260,925		<u> </u>	43,563,260,925

The company believes that the concentration of risk related to debt repayment is low. The company has the ability to settle maturing debts from cash flows from operations and proceeds from maturing financial assets.

5. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk includes three types: currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risks.

The sensitivity analysis presented below is prepared based on the assumption that the value of net liabilities and the ratio between fixed interest rate debt and floating interest rate debt remain unchanged.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The company's interest rate risk is primarily related to cash, short-term deposits, loans, and borrowings.

The company manages interest rate risk by analyzing market conditions to secure the most favorable interest rates while staying within its risk management limits.

Address: Group 23, Cluster 4, Nhat Tan Ward, Tay Ho District, Hanoi City INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2023 Note to the financial statements (cont)

6. **Comparative Information**

The comparative figures for the mid-year Balance Sheet indicators are based on the financial statements for the year 2022. The comparative figures for the mid-year Income Statement and midyear Cash Flow Statement indicators are based on the mid-year financial statements for the first six months of the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, which were reviewed by Nhan Tam Viet Auditing Co., Ltd.

Hanoi, March 31, 2025 Chairman of the Board Chief Accountant Prepared by Nguyen Dinh Hung Hoang Xuan Vuong

Hoang Xuan Vuong